



RTQ

EN INSTALLATION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND SYSTEM MANAGEMENT MANUAL

RIELLO

RANGE

MODEL	CODE
RTQ 953	20008950
RTQ 1074	20011304
RTQ 1308	20011317
RTQ 1500	20018769
RTQ 1700	20011305
RTQ 2000	20016243
RTQ 2336	20017225

ACCESSORIES

For a complete list of accessories and details of their compatibility, refer to the Catalogue.

Dear Customer,

Thank you for choosing a **RIELLO** boiler. You have purchased a modern, high efficiency, quality product that is designed to give dependable and safe service and to provide comfort in the home for many years to come. Arrange for your boiler to be serviced regularly by an authorised Technical Assistance Service **RIELLO**. Their personnel are specially trained to keep your boiler efficient and cheap to run. They also stock any original spare parts that might be required.

This instruction manual contains important instructions and precautions that must be observed to ensure the efficient functioning of your **RTQ** boiler.

Please accept our renewed thanks for your purchase
Riello S.p.A.

CONFORMITY

RIELLO RTQ boilers conform to:

- Directive 92/42/EEC on efficiency requirements and Annex E and Pres. Republic Decree n. 412, 26 August 1993 (**)

When used in conjunction with a CE marked jet burner, they also satisfy the requirements:

- Directive 2009/142/EC - Gas Appliances
- applicable sections of the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 2014/30/EU
- applicable sections of the Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU



 This product must only be used for the purpose for which it is designed and made, as specified by **RIELLO**. **RIELLO** declines all responsibility, contractual or other, for damage to property or injury to persons or animals caused by improper installation, adjustment, maintenance or use.

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The following symbols are used in this manual:

 **CAUTION!** = Identifies actions that require caution and adequate preparation.

 **STOP!** = Identifies actions that you MUST NOT do.

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 General Safety Information

- ⚠** The boiler is delivered in separate crates. Check that it is complete, undamaged and as ordered as soon as you receive it. Report any discrepancies or damage to the dealer who sold it.
- ⚠** This product must be installed by a legally qualified heating engineer. On completion of the installation, the installer must issue the owner with a declaration of conformity confirming that the installation has been completed to the highest standards in compliance with the instructions provided by **RIELLO** in this instruction manual, and that it conforms to all applicable laws and standards.
- ⚠** This product must only be used for the purpose for which it is designed and made, as specified by **RIELLO**. **RIELLO** declines all responsibility, contractual or other, for damage to property or injury to persons or animals caused by improper installation, adjustment, maintenance or use.
- ⚠** If you notice any water leaking from the boiler, disconnect it immediately from the mains electricity supply, shut off the water supply, and notify your local **RIELLO's** Technical Assistance Service or a qualified heating engineer immediately.
- ⚠** Periodically check that operating pressure in the water circuit is over 1 bar but below the maximum limit specified for the boiler. If this is not the case, contact Technical Assistance Service **RIELLO** or a professionally qualified heating engineer.
- ⚠** If the boiler is not going to be used for an extended period of time, contact **RIELLO's** Technical Assistance Service or a qualified heating engineer to have it prepared for shut-down as follows
 - Switch the boiler OFF at the control panel
 - Turn the main system switch "off"
 - Close the fuel cock and heating circuit water cock
 - Drain the central heating circuit if there is any risk of freezing.
- ⚠** The boiler must be serviced at least once a year.
- ⚠** This instruction manual is an integral part of the boiler. It must be kept safe and must ALWAYS accompany the boiler, even if it is sold to another owner or transferred to another user or to another installation. If you damage or lose this manual, order a replacement immediately from your local **RIELLO's** Technical Assistance Service.

1.2 Precautions

The operation of any appliance that uses fuel, electrical power and water demands that a number of fundamental safety precautions be respected:

- ⊖** It is forbidden to use electrical devices or equipment, such as switches, appliances, etc. if there is a smell of gas or unburnt products. If so:
 - Ventilate the room, opening doors and windows
 - Close the fuel shut-off cock
 - Report the fault immediately to the **RIELLO's** Technical Assistance Service or a professionally qualified heating engineer.

- ⊖** Do not touch the boiler while barefoot or wet.
- ⊖** Never clean or service the boiler without first disconnecting it from the mains electricity supply by turning the main power switch and the control panel switch OFF.
- ⊖** Do not tamper with or adjust the safety or control devices without prior authorisation and instructions from the manufacturer.
- ⊖** Do not plug or block the condensate drain outlet.
- ⊖** Never pull, disconnect, or twist the electrical cables coming from the appliance even if it is disconnected from the mains electricity supply.
- ⊖** Do not obstruct or restrict the vents in the room where the boiler is installed. Adequate ventilation is essential for correct combustion.
- ⊖** Do not expose the boiler to the elements. It is designed to work indoors.
- ⊖** Do not switch the boiler off if outdoor temperature drops below ZERO (risk of freezing).
- ⊖** Do not store containers of flammable substances in the room where the boiler is installed.
- ⊖** Do not allow children or persons with reduced physical, sensorial or mental abilities or with insufficient experience and knowledge to operate this system without proper supervision from the person responsible for its safe use.
- ⊖** Do not dispose of packaging material into the environment, or leave it within the reach of children, since it can become a potential hazard. Dispose of packaging material in compliance with applicable legislation.

1.3 Description of the appliance

RIELLO RTQ steel boilers are high efficiency boilers with horizontal, flame reversal combustion chambers and concentrically arranged flue gas pipes. They are designed for central heating and, when used in conjunction with a suitable storage cylinder, for domestic hot water production too. Because they operate at low pressure, they provide a gradual heating action without thermal shock.

The most important technical features of these boilers are:

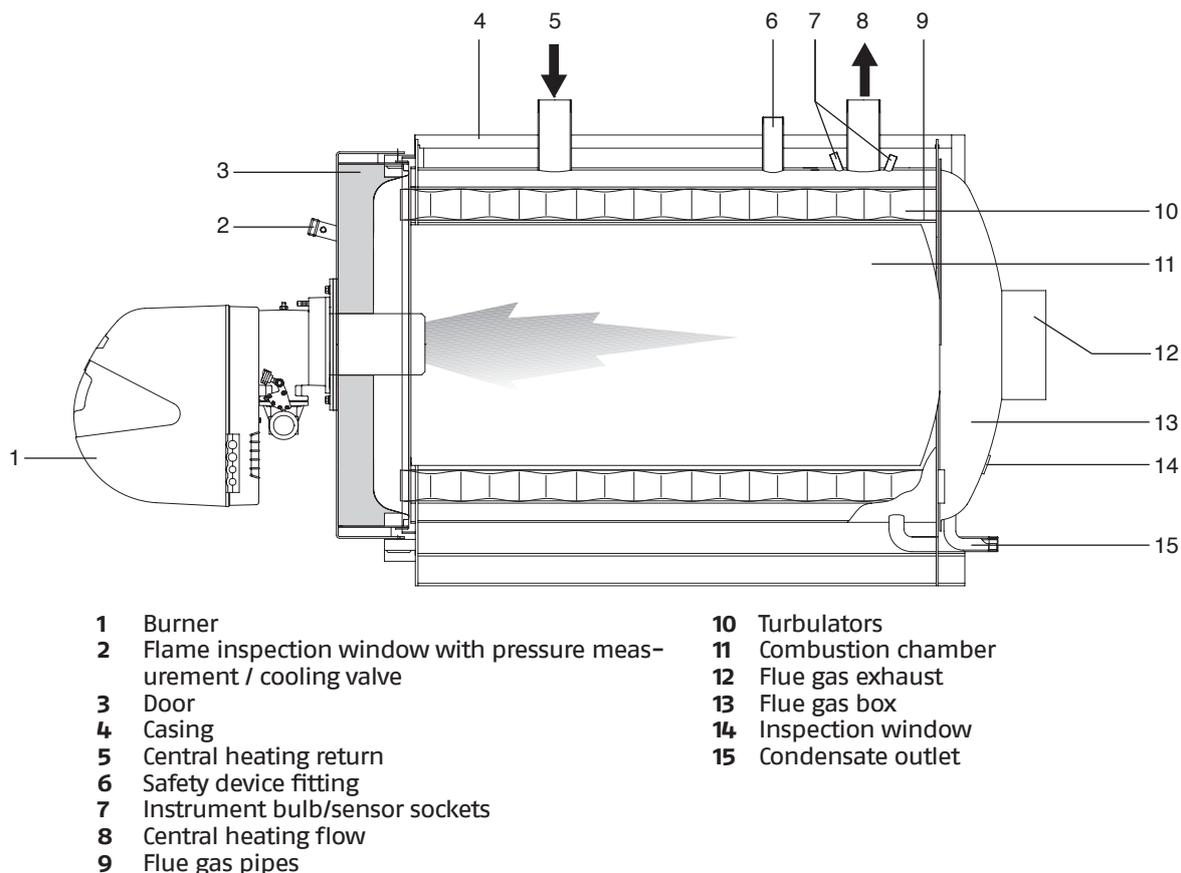
- The combustion chamber and heat exchange system are specially designed and shaped to achieve the best possible volume ratio;
- Only top quality materials are used to ensure a long working life.

Stainless steel turbulators inside the flue gas pipes establish an ideal pressure inside the combustion chamber and an ideal flue gas temperature. Evenly distributed thermal load optimises the efficiency of the boiler-burner system.

The boiler body is thoroughly insulated with a layer of high density glass wool.

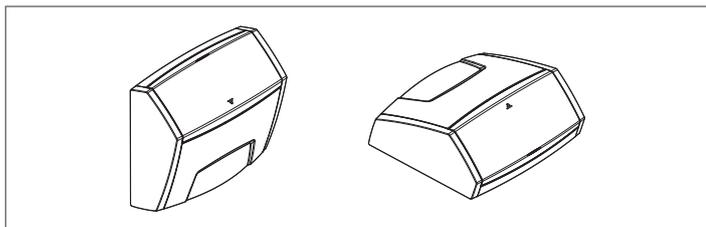
The boiler's front door and the flue gas box can be opened completely to facilitate the inspection, maintenance and cleaning of internal parts and to speed up servicing in general.

The front door can open in either direction, even without removing the burner.



1.4 Control panels

The **RIELLO** control panels that can be used with **RIELLO RTQ** steel boilers are listed below. These control panels cater for all the needs of the heating system and of all the devices installed in it.



TECH CLIMA TOP for central heating (1 direct zone and 2 mixed zones) and domestic hot water production with a single stage, two stage, or modulating burner. Also for controlling solar heating system and cascaded boiler systems.

TECH PRIME for central heating only (1 direct zone) with a single or two stage burner.

TECH CLIMA COMFORT for central heating (1 direct zone and 1 mixed zone) and domestic hot water production with a single stage burner. Also for controlling solar heating system and cascaded boiler systems.

TECH PRIME ACS for central heating (1 direct zone) and domestic hot water production with a single or two stage burner.

⚠ When a **TECH CLIMA TOP** or **CLIMA COMFORT** control panel is installed, the boiler return (cold) line must be equipped with a temperature sensor socket. See the Catalogue for the necessary accessory part numbers.

1.5 Recommended burners

The burners recommended to obtain the best possible performance from **RIELLO RTQ** boilers are:

BURNERS		RTQ							Long head *
MODEL	CODE	953	1074	1308	1500	1700	2000	2336	
GAS									
RS 100 t.l.	3785303	x	x						
RS 130 t.l.	3785503			x					
RS 190 t.l.	20030087				x	x	o		
RS 100/M t.l.	3789711	x	x						
RS 130/M t.l.	3789811			x					
RS 190/M t.c.	3787623				x	x	o		3010443
RS 250/M t.l.	3788411						x	x	
MIXED OIL/GAS									
RLS 100	3485201	x	x						3010346
RLS 190/M MZ t.c.	3488110			x	x	x			3010440
RLS 250/M MZ t.c.	3482810						x		20029376
GI/EMME 3000 t.l.	3488758							x	
RLS 120 M MX t.l.	3898111	x							
RLS 160 M MX t.l.	3898211		x	x	x				
OIL									
RL 100 t.l.	3475233	x	x						
RL 130 t.l.	3475433			x					
RL 190 t.c.	3475613				x	x	x		3010444
RL 250 t.c.	3470010							x	3010422
RL 100/M t.l.	3477213	x	x						
RL 130/M t.l.	3477413			x					
RL 190/M	3477811				x	x	x		
NAPHTHA									
P100/N ECO t.l.	3436024	x	x						
P140T/N ECO t.l.	3436922			x	x				
P200T/N ECO t.l.	3437822					x	x	x	
P140 PN t.l.	3436875			x	x				
P200 PN t.l.	3437775					x	x	x	
MIXED NAPHTHA/GAS									
NM 1400 t.l.	3486702		x	x					
NM 2000 t.l.	3487802				x	x			
NM 3000 t.l.	3488802						x	x	

(*) Long head REQUIRED.

(o) Up to 2050 kW.

 Burner/boiler combinations have been calculated on the basis of the burner working at 3% O₂.

 See the instruction manual provided with the burner for further information on, burner installation, electrical connections, burner adjustments.

 To assemble/disassemble the burners equipped with recirculation tube, it might be necessary to remove the latter before carrying out such operations (strictly comply with the use and maintenance manual of the burner).

 Long heads and burner plates are required for the correct installation and coupling of the burners.

 If a two stage burner is installed, 1st stage heat input must not be less than 70% of total heat input. With liquid fuel burners equipped with 2 nozzles, it is therefore important to choose the correct first stage nozzle.

 In Italy, the Decree of the President of the Council of Ministers of the 2nd October 1995 requires that heating systems with heating power of less than 3 MW use fuel oil with a sulphur content of less than 0.3 % by weight.

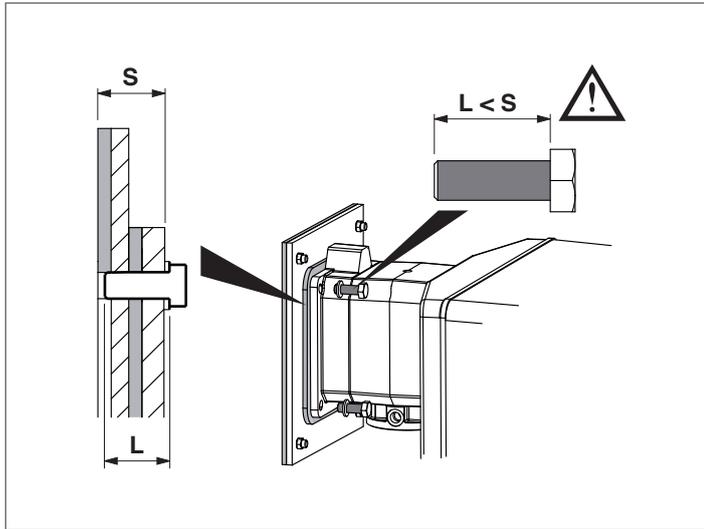
 Naphtha can only be used in models from 1308 on. With models 953 to 1074 naphtha fuel can only be used if the insulation on the boiler door is first protected with a coat of water soluble, aluminium and silicon oxide based paint. When running on naphtha, reduce the boiler's maximum rated heat output by 20%.

IMPORTANT NOTES FOR BURNER INSTALLATION

Before fixing the burner to the boiler, make sure that:

- The door opens the right way (see the relevant sections for details on how to reverse the door)
- The length (L) of the burner fixing bolts is less than (S), i.e. the total depth of the seal, plates and washer. **Longer bolts can cause the door to warp, compromising its ability to seal the boiler hermetically and permitting the release of combustion fumes.**

To ensure correct burner installation, also refer to the burner's own manual.



If you are installing a new boiler but re-using an old burner, always perform the following checks:

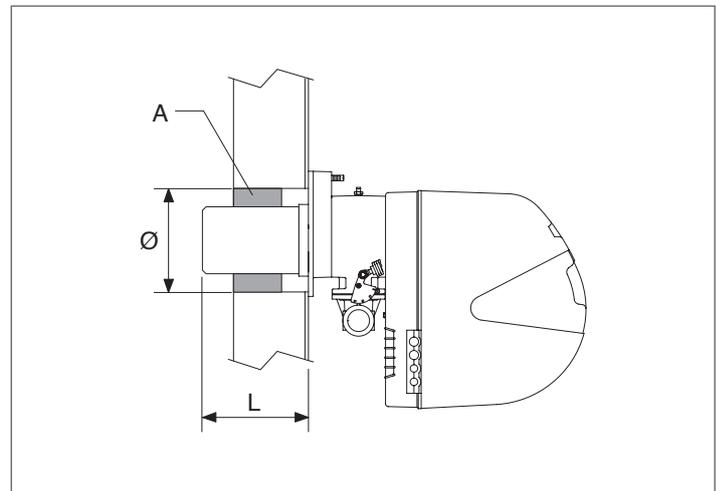
- Make sure that the performance of the old burner is adequate for the requirements of the boiler
- Make sure that the length and diameter of the burner nozzle are as specified in the following table.

! When you finish installing the burner in the boiler, fill the gap between the burner's blast tube and the refractory material in the door with the ceramic insulation (A) supplied with the boiler.

! Blast tubes must not exceed the specified lengths by more than 20%.

BURNER PLATE

RIELLO RTQ boilers are equipped with burner plates with no holes. These plates accept the recommended burners. The burner plates must be drilled on installation according to the burner fixing holes.



	RTQ						
	953	1074	1308	1500	1700	2000	2336
Burner head L min. (mm)	280	320	340	365	365	375	375
Hole in door Ø (mm)	205	260	280	300	300	350	350

⊖ Do not re-use old burners if their blast tube lengths are below those specified in the table.

1.6 Identification

The products are identified by:

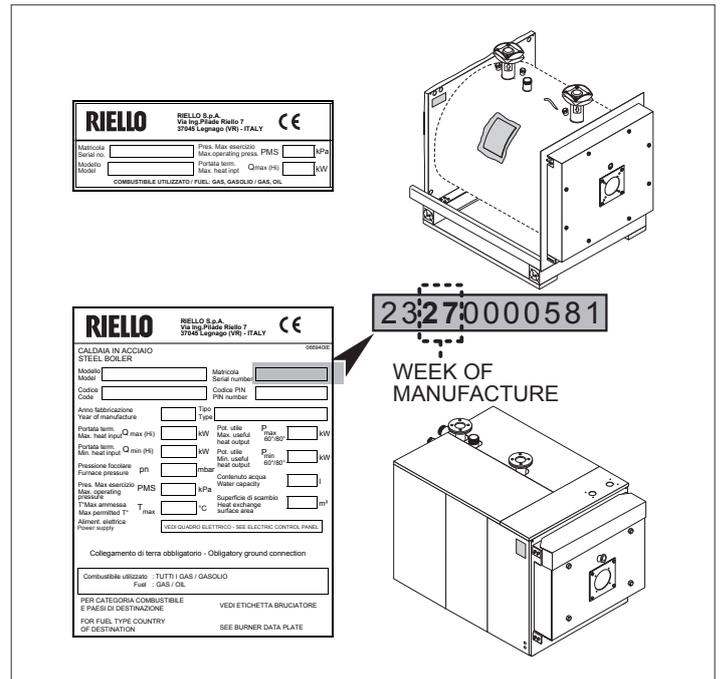
Serial number plate

This is located on the boiler body and specifies the serial number, model, and furnace power.

Data plate

This lists the technical specifications and performance of the product. It comes inside the documentation envelope. On completion of the installation you MUST apply it in a clearly visible position at the top of one of the side panels. If you damage or lose this label, order a replacement immediately from **RIELLO's** Technical Assistance Service.

! If these plates or any other means of clearly identifying the product are defaced, removed or lost, proper installation and servicing may be rendered difficult.



1.7 Technical specifications

DESCRIPTION		RTQ							
		953	1074	1308	1500	1700	2000	2336	
Fuel		Gas / Oil							
Rated heat input	min	896	1020	1095	1400	1594	1800	2100	kW
	max	990	1150	1400	1606	1820	2140	2500	kW
Rated useful heat output Pn	min	831	951	1021	1305	1486	1678	1957	kW
	max	920	1074	1308	1500	1700	2000	2336	kW
Useful efficiency at min. Pn	min	92,8	93,2	93,2	93,2	93,2	93,2	93,2	%
	max	92,9	93,4	93,4	93,4	93,4	93,4	93,4	%
Useful eff. at 30% max. Pn		93	93,3	93,3	93,3	93,3	93,3	93,3	%
Constant pressure drop		< 1							
Flue gas temperature (ΔT)		170±180							°C
Flue gas mass flow rate		0,420	0,497	0,624	0,691	0,797	0,912	1,102	kg/sec
Furnace pressure		4,6	4,9	4,9	5,7	7,2	4,5	5,1	mbar
Furnace volume		649	912,1	1097,8	1479,4	1479,7	1569,7	2066,2	dm³
Tot. volume of flue gas side		989,5	1388,9	1727,9	2162,7	2162,7	2531,6	3243,5	dm³
Total surface area for heat exchange		24,42	32,87	37,28	42,24	42,24	51,37	67,94	m²
Volumetric heat load		1525	1261	1276	1086	1231	1364	1210	kW/m³
Specific heat load		37,7	32,7	35,1	35,5	40,2	38,9	34,4	kW/m²
Max. operating pressure		6							bar
Max. admissible temp.		110							°C
Max. operating temp.		95							°C
Min. admissible water return temp.		55							°C
Pressure drops	ΔT 10°C	175	108	210	292	310	110	155	mbar
	ΔT 20°C	38	23,4	52	84	105	28	40	mbar
Water capacity		657	1080	1350	1480	1480	1716	2000	liters

! The stack must guarantee the minimum draught specified by applicable technical standards, assuming zero pressure at the connection to the flue gas exhaust.

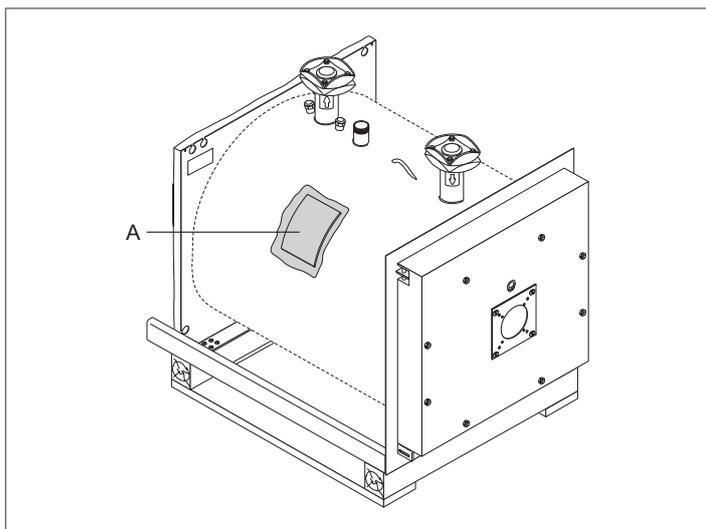
! Values obtained with **RIELLO** RL and GULLIVER RG burners with CO₂ = 12,5%; RS and GULLIVER BS burners with CO₂ = 9,7%.

2 INSTALLATION

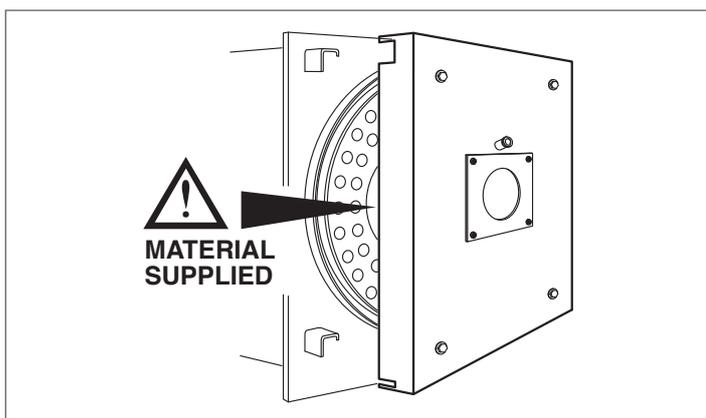
2.1 Unpacking the product

RIELLO RTQ steel boilers come **in 2 separate crates:**

- 1 **BOILER BODY CRATE** to which is attached the documentation envelope (A) containing:
 - Instruction manual;
 - Data label (to be applied to the casing on completion of the installation);
 - Certificate of Warranty and water test certificate;
 - Bar code labels;
 - Spare parts catalogue.

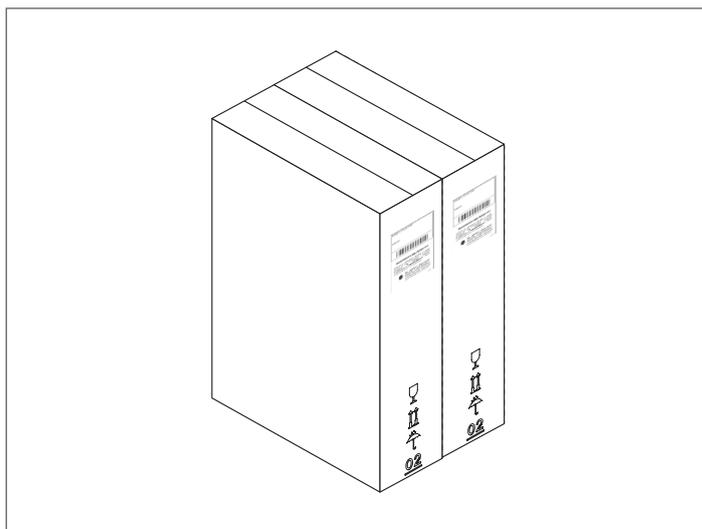


- ⚠** The following material, to be fitted by the installer, is located inside the combustion chamber:
- turbulators and turbulator fixing clips (for installation in the flue gas pipes);
 - water connection flanges;
 - boiler body insulation and fasteners.
- For fitting instructions, see the section entitled "Fitting the insulation and turbulators" on page 16.



- ⚠** The instruction manual is an integral part of the boiler. Once located, read it thoroughly and keep it safe.

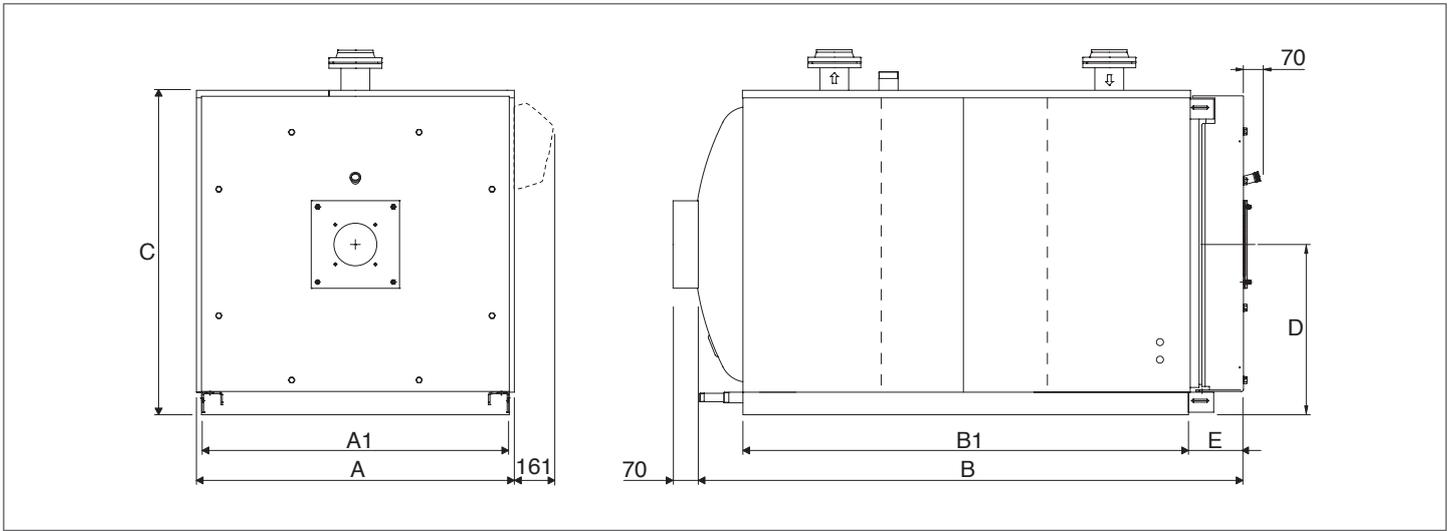
- 2 **THE CASING PANELS** complete with assembly accessories (2 packs).



IMPORTANT

For the boiler to function correctly, it must be connected to a **RIELLO TECH** control panel and dedicated control accessories.

2.2 Overall dimensions and weights



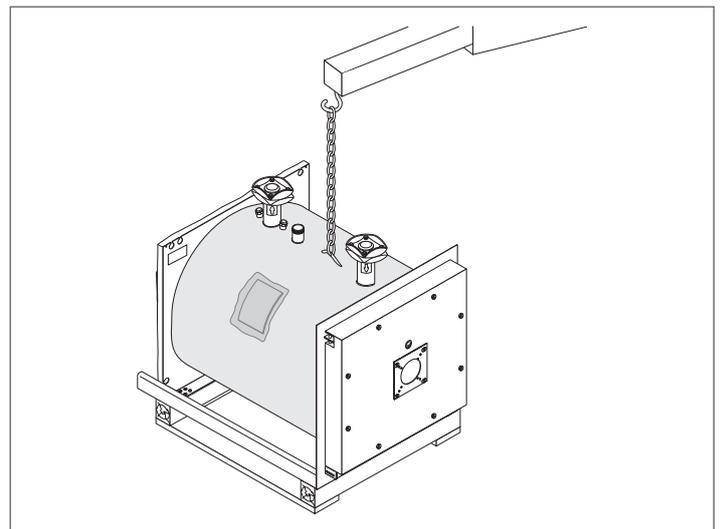
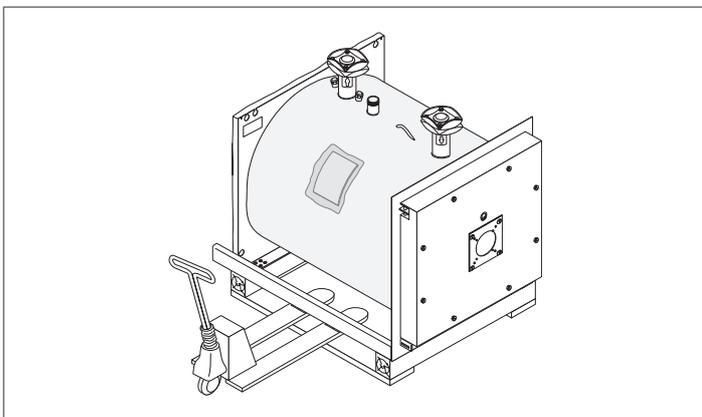
DESCRIPTION	RTQ							
	953	1074	1308	1500	1700	2000	2336	
A Width	1220	1360	1450	1535	1535	1610	1715	mm
A1 Base width	1170	1310	1400	1485	1485	1555	1660	mm
B Depth	2310	2765	2895	3055	3055	3135	3415	mm
B1 Base depth	1960	2375	2470	2580	2580	2630	2890	mm
C Height	1280	1430	1530	1610	1610	1680	1850	mm
D Burner height	690	755	820	865	865	900	1000	mm
E Door depth	205	245	250	290	290	300	300	mm
Weight of boiler	1182	1807	2340	2730	2730	3320	4205	kg
Weight of casing	55	92	100	111	111	123	144	kg

2.3 Handling

RIELLO RTQ steel boilers are fitted with lifting attachments. Take great care when moving them and only use lifting equipment of adequate capacity.

Remove the fixing screws and remove the wooden pallet before positioning the boiler.

⚠ Wear suitable personal protective equipment and use suitable safety devices.



2.4 Place of installation

RIELLO RTQ steel boilers must be installed in a dedicated boiler room, with adequately sized vents, in compliance with applicable laws and standards.

If at all possible, the boiler should be installed on a raised base to prevent the burner fan sucking up dust.

⚠ When installing the boiler, allow sufficient space around it to access all safety and control devices and to permit easy maintenance.

⚠ If the specific weight of the gas supply to the burner is greater than the specific weight of air, install all electrical parts at least 500 mm above floor level.

⊘ Do not install the boiler outdoors. It is not designed to work outdoors and is not fitted with the necessary automatic anti-frost systems to do so.

2.5 Installation in older systems and systems requiring modernisation

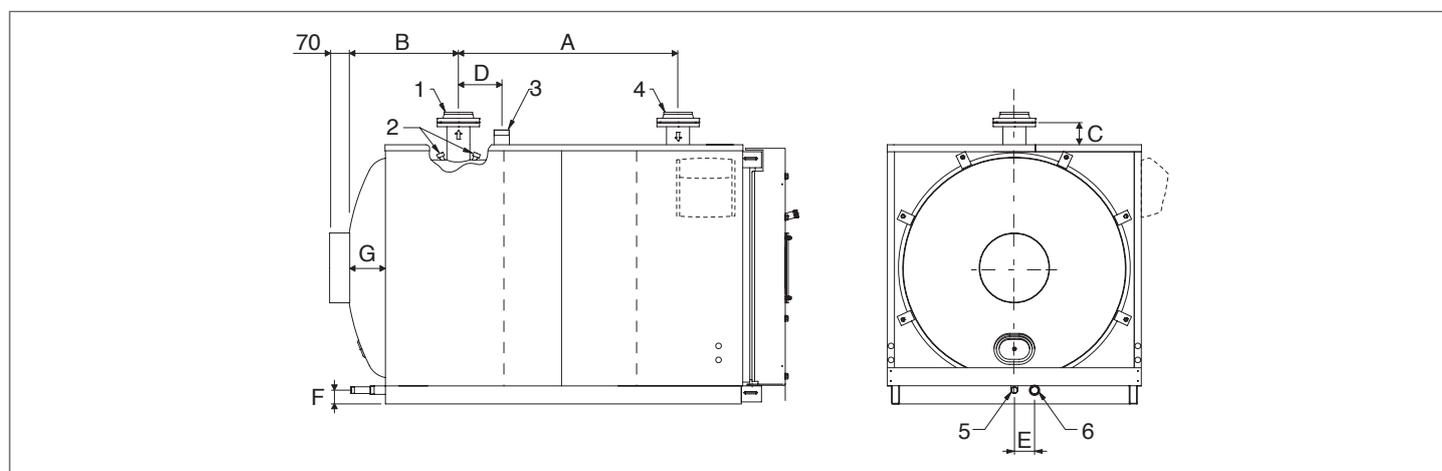
When installing these boilers in old systems or systems requiring modernisation, always perform the following checks:

- make sure that the stack is able to withstand the temperature of the combustion gases and that it has been designed and made in compliance with applicable standards. The stack must also be as straight as possible, sealed, insulated and not blocked or choked;
- make sure that the electrical system has been installed by a qualified electrician in compliance with applicable standards;
- make sure that the oil feed line and any oil storage tank are made and installed in compliance with applicable standards;
- make sure that the expansion vessels are big enough to contain the volume generated by thermal expansion;
- make sure that flow rate, head and direction of flow of the pumps are suitable and correct;
- make sure that the circuit has been flushed out to remove all sludge and lime scale, and has been vented and seal tested.
- make sure that a suitable water treatment system is installed if the quality of the supply/recirculation water so demands.

2.6 Water connections

RIELLO RTQ boilers are designed and made for use in central heating installations, but can also be used for domestic hot water production if connected to a suitable storage cylinder. Water fittings are as specified in the following table.

⚠ Allow for the dimensions of the control panel that needs to be installed on top of the boiler.

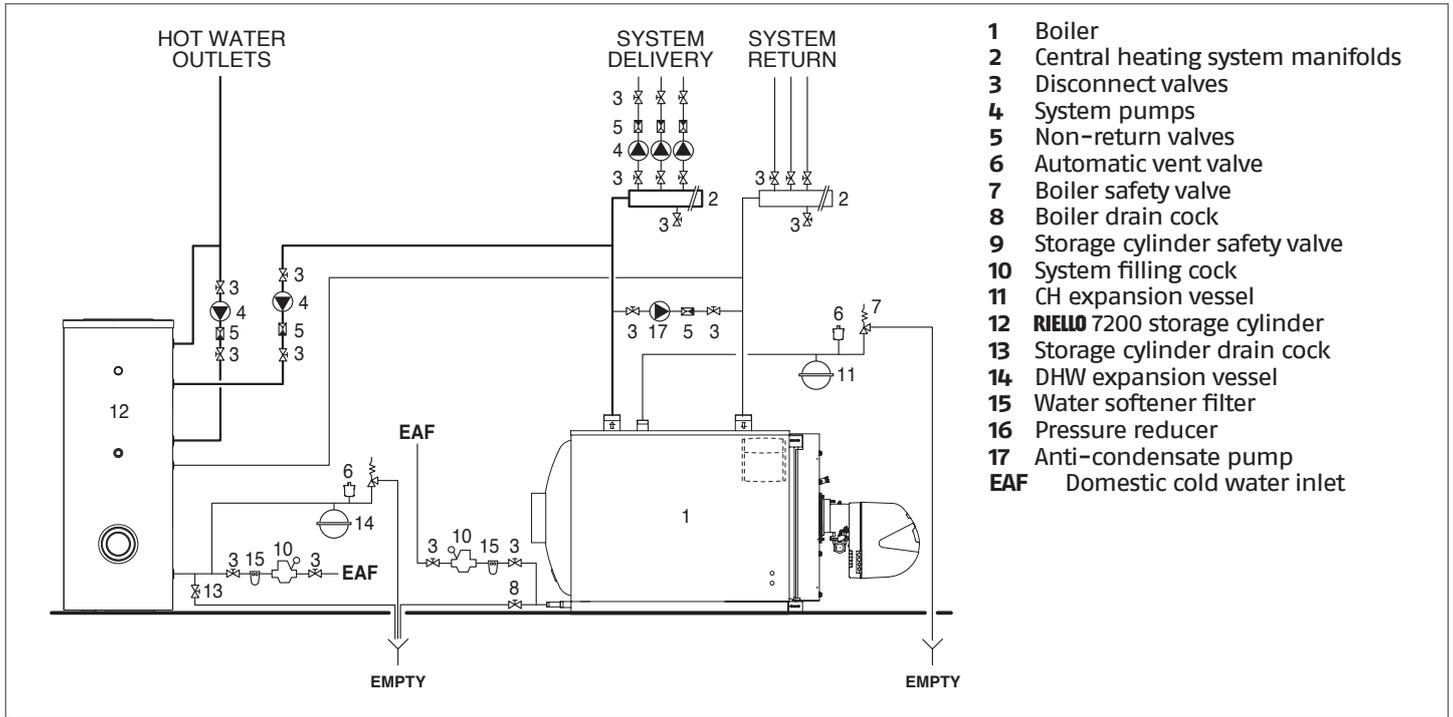


DESCRIPTION	RTQ							
	953	1074	1308	1500	1700	2000	2336	
1 Central heating flow *	DN100	DN100	DN125	DN125	DN125	DN150	DN175	∅
2 Instrument bulb / sensor socket	G1/2"	∅						
3 Safety device fitting	G1"1/2	G2"1/2	G2"1/2	DN 80	DN 80	DN100	DN100	∅
4 Central heating return *	DN100	DN100	DN125	DN125	DN125	DN150	DN175	∅
5 Condensate drain	G1"	∅						
6 Boiler drain	G1"1/4	G1"1/4	G1"1/4	G1"1/2	G1"1/2	G1"1/2	G1"1/2	∅
A	1250	1300	1600	1650	1650	1650	1910	mm
B	505	580	655	700	700	735	745	mm
C	105	105	115	125	125	142	122	mm
D	300	250	650	380	380	280	510	mm
E	110	110	110	115	115	115	120	mm
F	95	95	115	120	120	117	155	mm
G	180	125	170	180	180	215	335	mm

(*) All flanged connections are PN6 according to EN 1092-1.

Below is given the hydraulic diagram:

Central heating and domestic hot water production



- 1 Boiler
- 2 Central heating system manifolds
- 3 Disconnect valves
- 4 System pumps
- 5 Non-return valves
- 6 Automatic vent valve
- 7 Boiler safety valve
- 8 Boiler drain cock
- 9 Storage cylinder safety valve
- 10 System filling cock
- 11 CH expansion vessel
- 12 RIELLO 7200 storage cylinder
- 13 Storage cylinder drain cock
- 14 DHW expansion vessel
- 15 Water softener filter
- 16 Pressure reducer
- 17 Anti-condensate pump
- EAF Domestic cold water inlet

- ⚠ The choice of system components and the method of their installation are left up to the heating engineer installing the system. Installers must use their expertise to ensure proper installation and functioning in conformity to all applicable legislation.
- ⚠ Circuits filled with anti-freeze must be fitted with water disconnectors.
- ⚠ If needed, water supplies and recovery circuits must be conditioned by suitable treatment systems. See the table alongside for reference values.

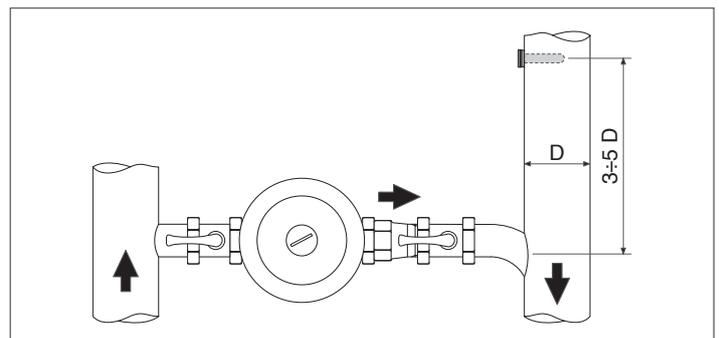
REFERENCE VALUES	
pH	6-8
Electrical conductivity	less than 200 µS/cm (25°C)
Chlorine ions	less than 50 ppm
Sulphuric acid ions	less than 50 ppm
Total iron	less than 0.3 ppm
Alkalinity M	less than 50 ppm
Total hardness	less than 35°F
Sulphur ions	none
Ammonia ions	none
Silicon ions	less than 30 ppm

2.7 Anti-condensate pump

An anti-condensate pump operates during periods of no heat request to avoid damage until the boiler returns to a stable operating temperature. While the system is operating, this pump must guarantee a flow rate between 20 and 30% maximum flow to ensure a water return temperature no lower than 55 °C. Pump shutdown must also be delayed for at least 3 minutes at the beginning of extended periods of boiler shutdown (overnight or weekend shutdown etc.).

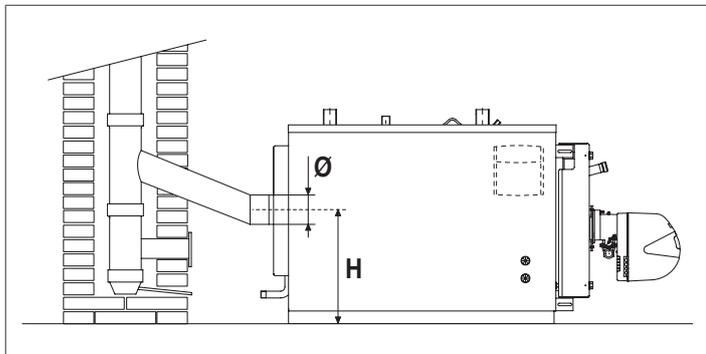
- ⚠ A sensor socket must be positioned at a distance of 3 to 5 times the diameter of the water return pipe, upstream from the water fitting, to measure effective water return temperature and control the anti-condensate pump or the temperature controller stabilisation function.

- ⚠ Any temperature controllers installed remotely from the control panel must be compatible with the system's electrical connections and functioning logic.



2.8 Hoses should also be fixed to the floor and suitably protected whenever possible

The flue gas exhaust and stack connection must be made in compliance with applicable laws and standards, using heat resistant, condensate resistant and stress resistant rigid pipe and sealed joints.



	RTQ						
	953	1074	1308	1500	1700	2000	2336
Ø (mm)	300	350	400	450	450	500	500
H (mm)	690	715	820	865	865	900	1000

⚠ The stack must guarantee the minimum draught specified by applicable technical standards, assuming zero pressure at the connection to the flue gas exhaust. Draught at the stack must not exceed 0.2 mbar. Fit a draught limiter if draught exceeds this value.

⚠ Inadequate or badly dimensioned stacks and exhausts can increase combustion noise, cause condensation problems and affect combustion parameters.

⚠ Uninsulated flues are potentially dangerous and can cause burns.

⚠ Joints must be sealed using materials capable of withstanding temperatures of at least 200°C (e.g. filler, mastic or silicone based sealant).

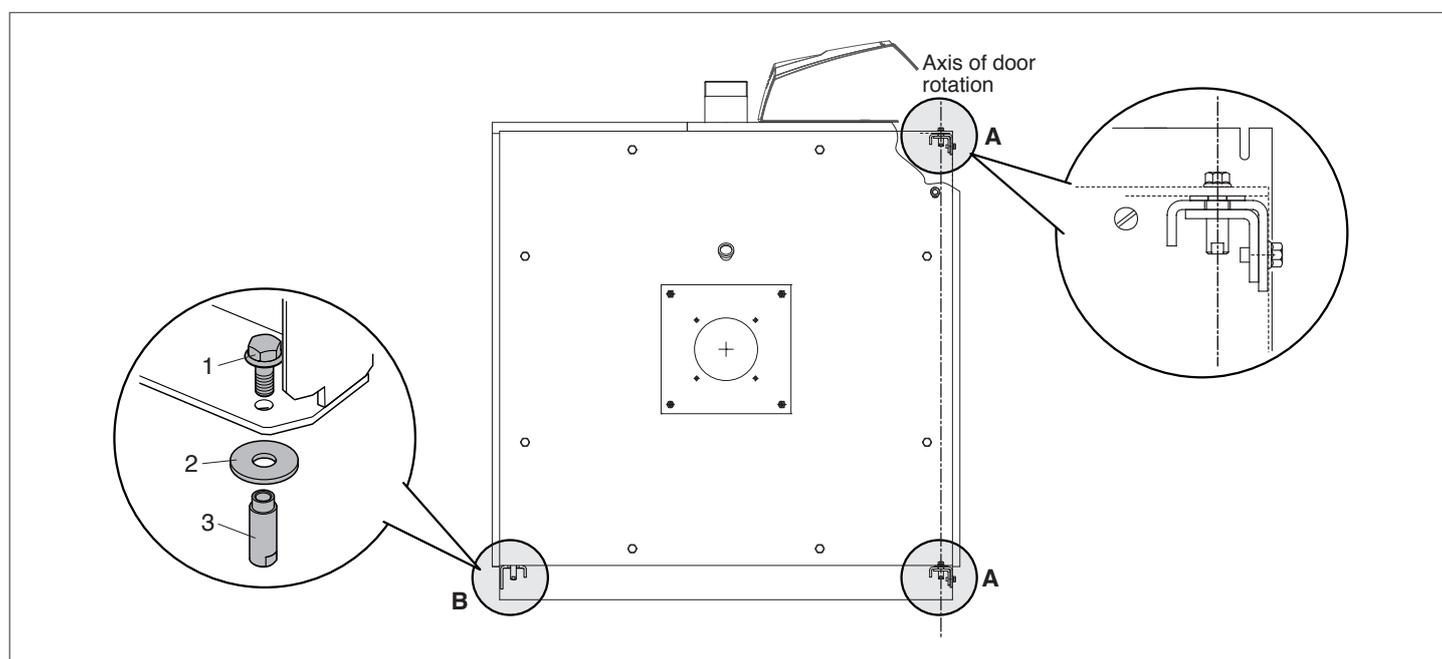
⚠ The connection between the horizontal section of flue and the vertical stack must be either straight or at an angle of no more than 45°.

⚠ If more than one boiler is installed in the same utility room, separate flues must be provided for each boiler. If this is not possible, the burners should definitely be equipped with automatic closing of the air damper.

2.9 Door hinges

Boilers are fitted with three door hinge points in the factory. The doors are initially fitted to open to the right. If you need to change the door to open to the left, make the necessary modifications before performing any tests that require the boiler door to be opened. Proceed as instructed below to change the direction of door opening.

⚠ Once you have decided on the direction of door opening and the door opens successfully, remove the unused hinge assembly B.



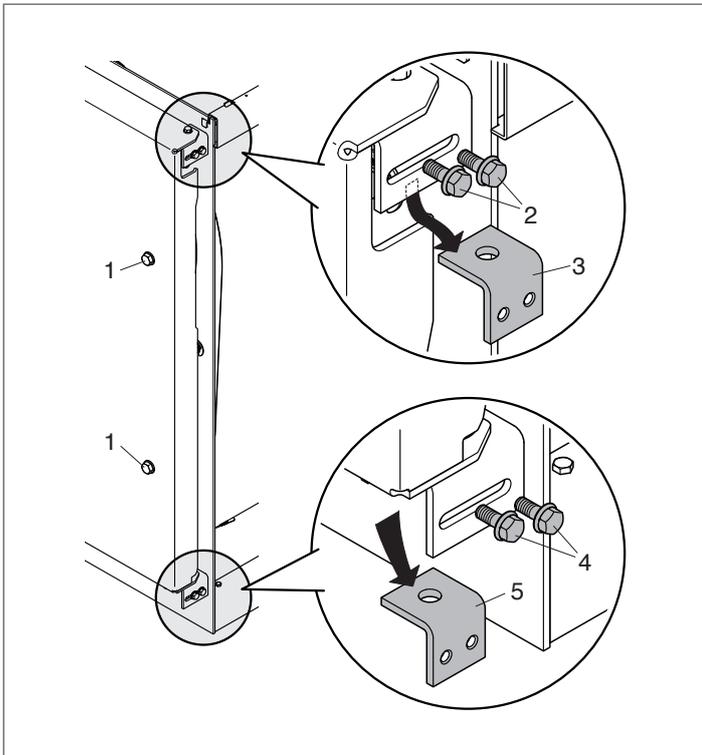
2.10 Changing the direction of door opening

⚠ Perform this operation before starting the boiler up for the first time and before opening the door.

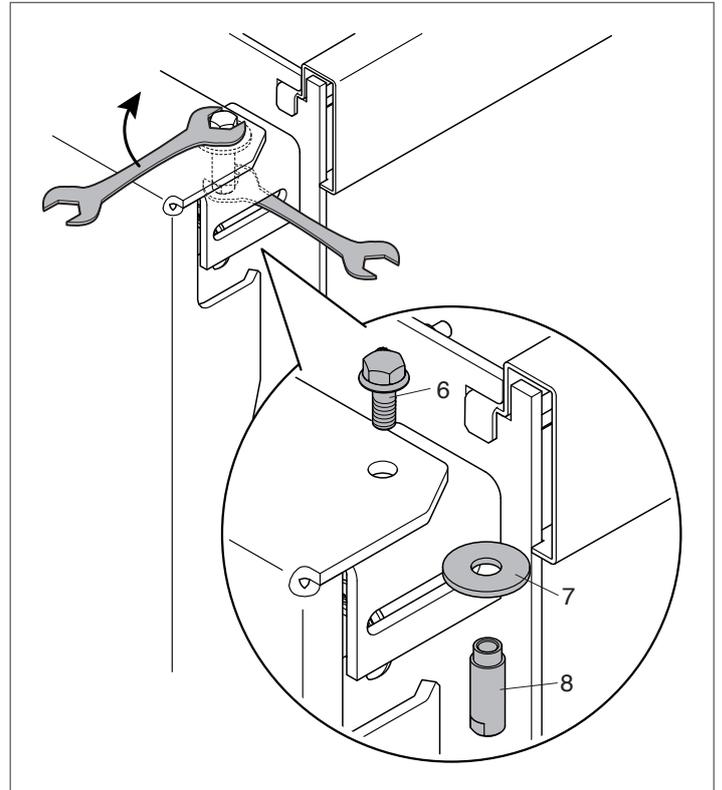
⚠ If the door is not properly supported on its hinges, equipment capable of supporting its entire weight must be used to move it (see the table on page 10) and using suitable safety equipment.

If you wish to modify the door to open to the left, i.e. with the hinges on the left, proceed as follows:

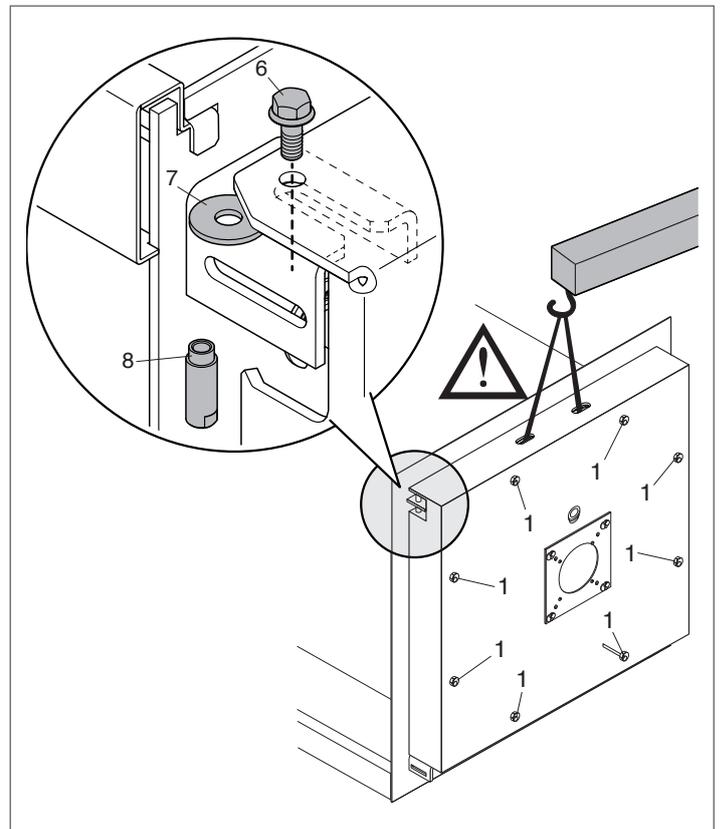
- ⚠** Make sure that the main door fixing bolts (1) are securely tightened;
- remove the top safety bolts (2) and the door stop bracket (3);
 - remove the bottom safety bolts (4) and the door stop bracket (5);



- insert a spanner through the slot in the side of the top door mounting bracket and hold the bushing (8) steady;
- unscrew the top bolt (6), then remove the bushing (8) and washer (7);

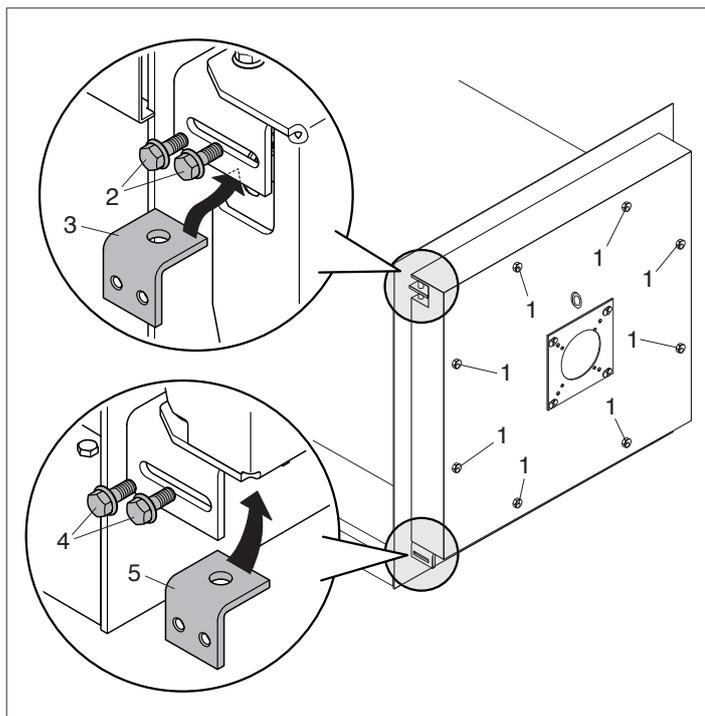


- fit the bushing (8), bolt (6) and washer (7) to the opposite side of the door.



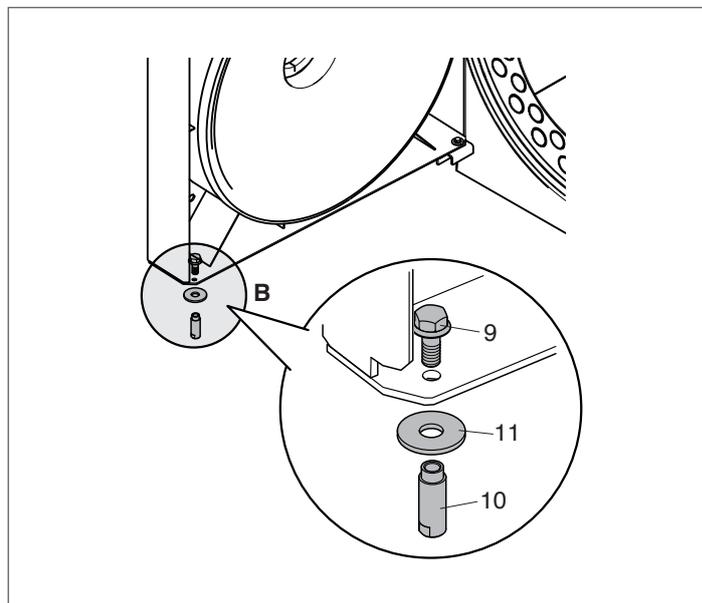
⚠ If it proves difficult to fit the washer (7) or screw the bolt (6) into the bush (8) because the door is not accurately aligned, **attach a hoist of adequate lifting capacity to the door** (see the weights and dimensions table), **slightly loosen** the fixing bolts (1) and lift the door just enough to fit the washer (7) or align the hole in the door with the hole in the hinge. **Once the bolt (6) has engaged the bush, re-tighten the door fixing bolts (1).**

- Fit the top door stop bracket (3) to the opposite side of the door and fix it in place with the safety bolts (2);
- fit the bottom door stop bracket (5) to the opposite side of the door and fix it in place with the safety bolts (4).



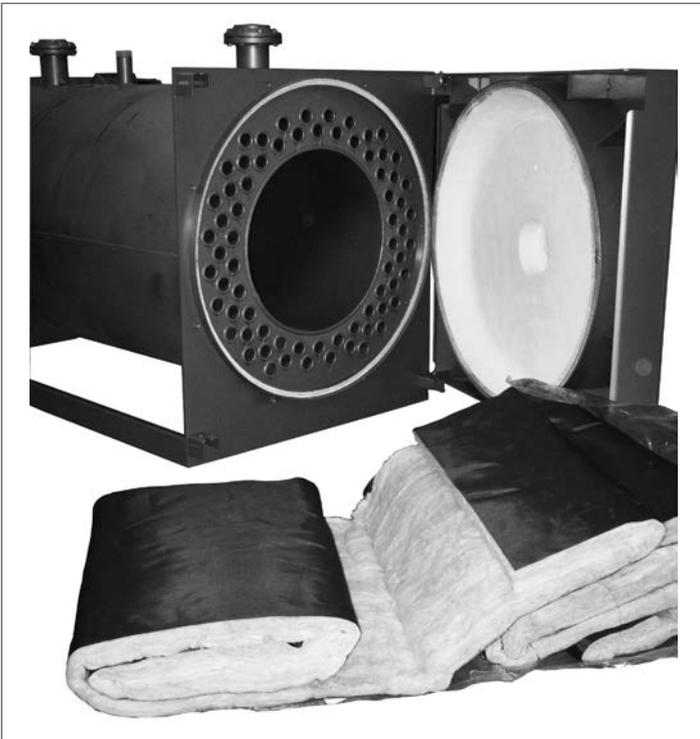
⚠ Make sure that the safety bolts (2 and 4) are securely tightened before attempting to open the door.

- Completely unscrew the main fixing bolts (1) and open the door (these bolts are captive in the door and cannot be removed);
- remove the spare hinge assembly 'B' [bolt (9), bushing (10), and washer (11)] opposite the hinged side of the door.

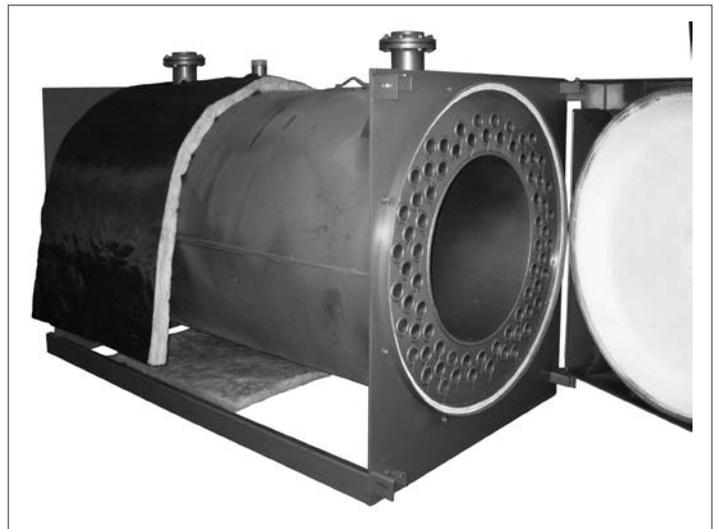


2.11 Fitting the insulation and turbulators

Open the door and remove the insulation.

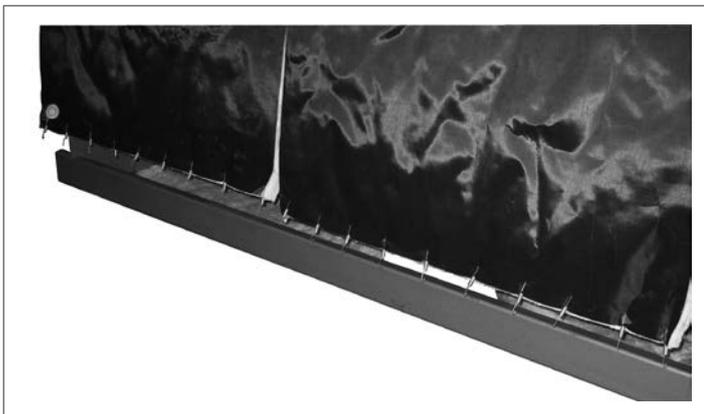


Fit the insulation over the rear of the combustion chamber first, wrapping it around as shown in the figure.

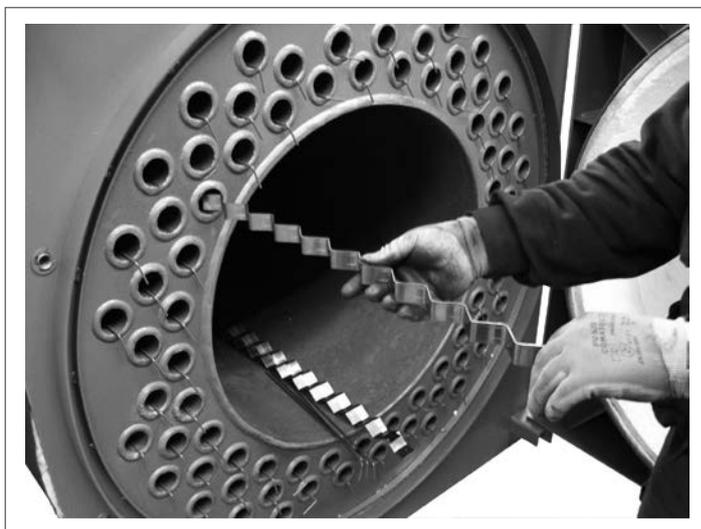
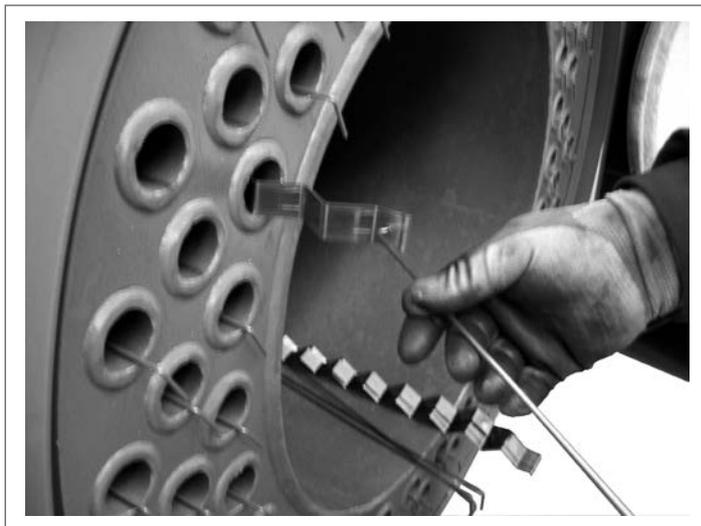


Then fit the insulation over the front.

Hold the insulation in place with the clips provided.



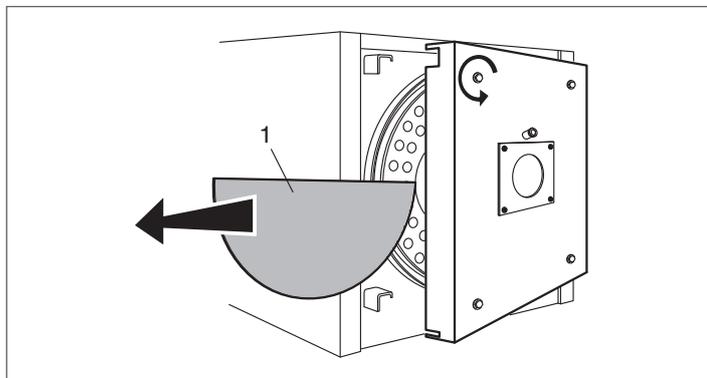
Fit the fixing clips on the turbulators and push the turbulators into the flue gas pipes until the clips make contact.



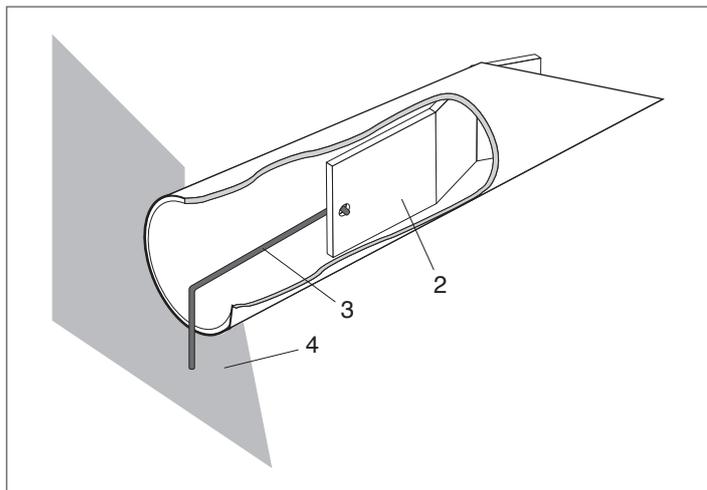
2.14 Preparing for initial startup

It is essential to perform the following checks before starting up or testing the functioning of your **RIELLO RTQ** boiler. In particular, check that:

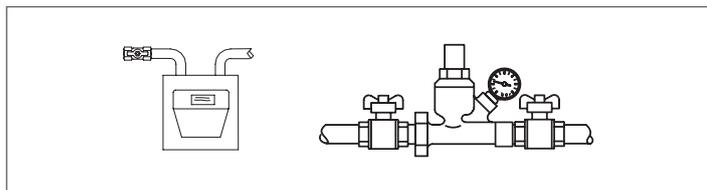
- the protective cardboard sheet (1) has been removed from the ceramic fibre;



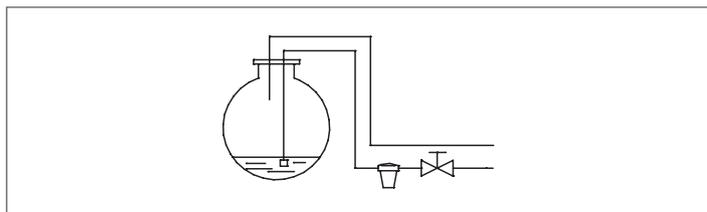
- the turbulators (2) are correctly positioned inside the heat exchange tubes and the clips (3) are resting against the wall (4) of the heat exchanger;



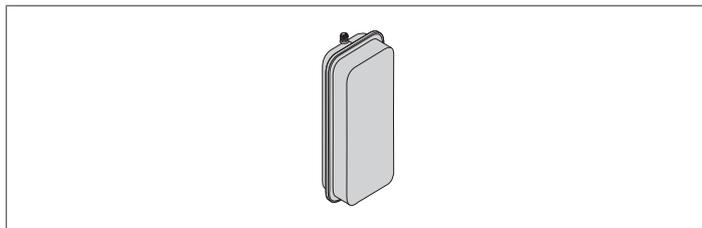
- the water and gas cocks are open;



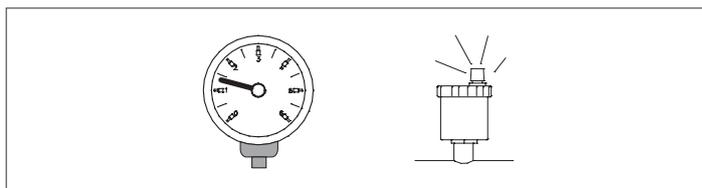
- there is an adequate fuel supply;



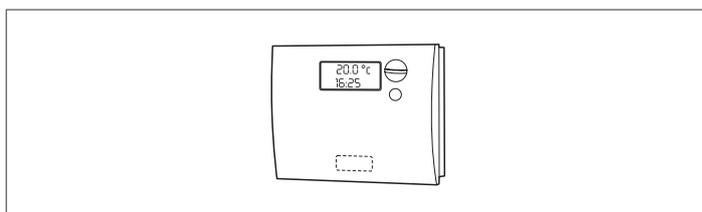
- the expansion vessel is properly charged;



- the working pressure in the water circuit is over 1 bar but below the maximum limit specified for the boiler;
- the water circuits have been properly bled;



- the mains power connections to the boiler and its accessories (burner, pump, control panel, thermostats, etc.) have been properly made.



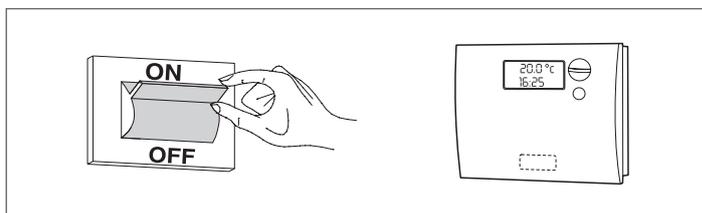
⚠ The phase-neutral polarity has been respected.

⚠ A ground (earth) connection is obligatory.

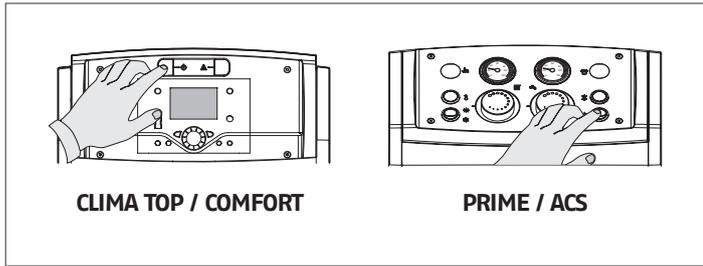
2.15 Initial startup

Once you have completed all the preparatory steps, proceed as follows to start up the boiler for the first time:

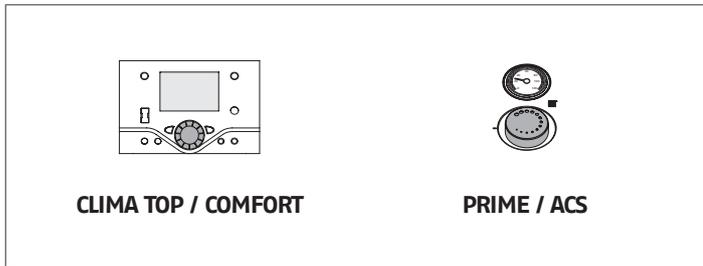
- turn the system's main power switch ON;
- if the system is equipped with a temperature controller or timer thermostat, make sure that it is switched on;



- turn the control panel power switch ON and make sure that the green power indicator lights;



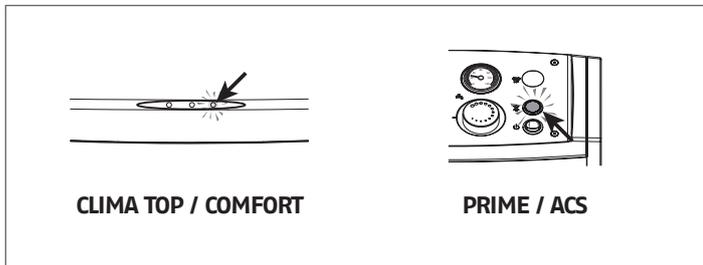
- make the necessary settings as instructed in the instruction manual for your control panel;



- adjust the timer thermostat/s or temperature controller to the desired temperature (~20°C);

The burner should now ignite and remain in operation until the set temperature is reached.

If any ignition faults or malfunctions occur, the burner performs a "LOCKOUT SHUTDOWN". This is shown by the red button light on the burner and by the warning light on the control panel.



- ⚠ If a "LOCKOUT SHUTDOWN" occurs, wait about 30 seconds before resetting the burner.

To reset the burner, press the red button light on the burner and wait until the flame ignites.

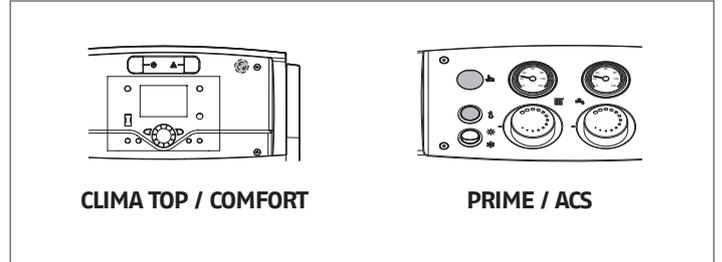
This operation can be repeated 2 or 3 times at the most. If the problem still persists after that, check:

- all checks listed in the burner's own instruction manual;
- all steps listed in the 'Preparing for Initial Start-up' section;
- all the electrical connections shown on the control panel wiring diagrams.

If the problem persists, check that the safety thermostat has not tripped.

- ⚠ If the safety thermostat trips, the boiler shuts down and a warning is displayed on the control panel (if present). Proceed as follows to reset the safety thermostat.

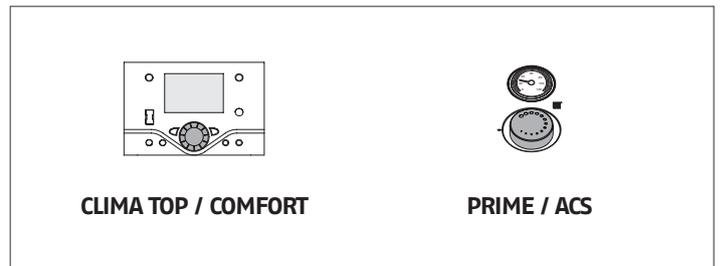
- Wait until boiler temperature falls below 80°C.
- Remove the safety thermostat cover.
- Press the manual reset button.
- Wait for the complete ignition cycle to be repeated and for the flame to ignite.



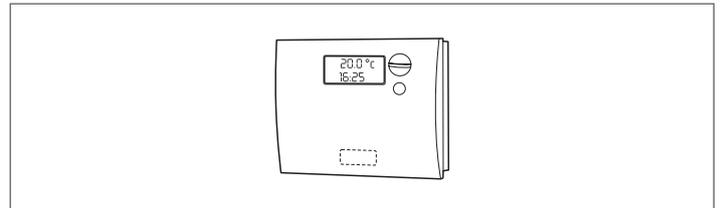
2.16 Checks during and after initial start-up

Once the boiler has started up, make sure that it shuts down and re-starts properly when the following actions are taken:

- the boiler thermostat setting is changed

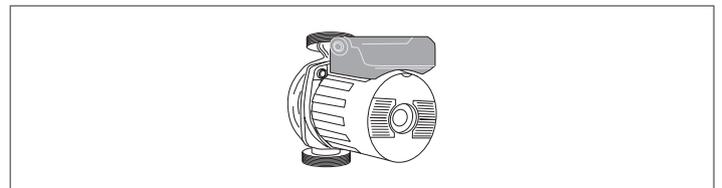


- power to the control panel is switched off and on again
- the room thermostat or timer thermostat is adjusted.

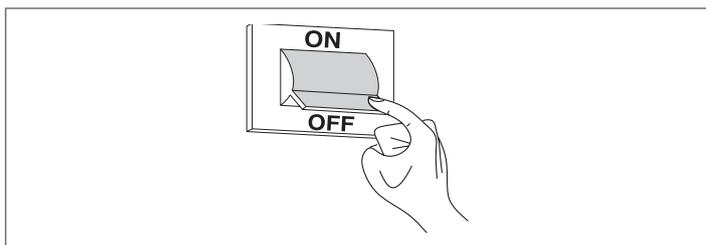


Check that there are no leaks from around the door seal. If there is any leakage of combustion gases, adjust the door as instructed on page 22.

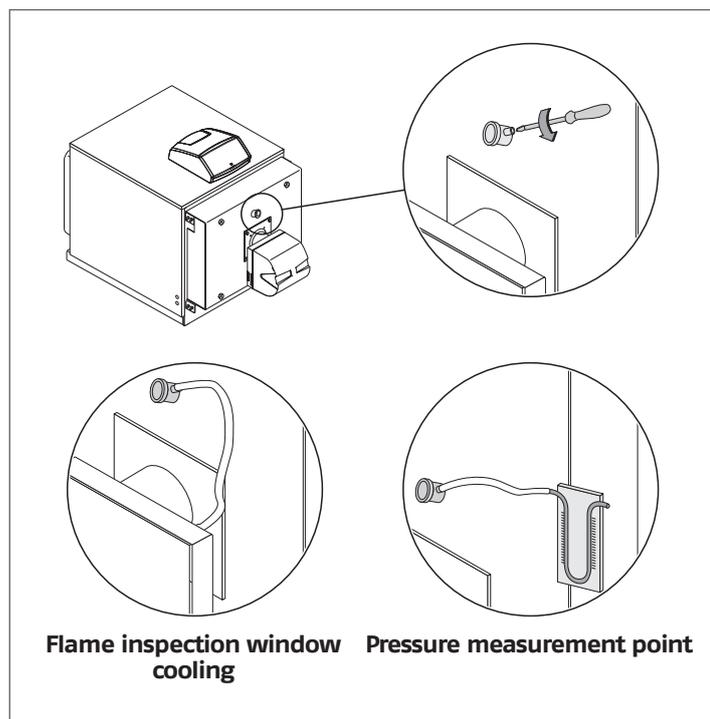
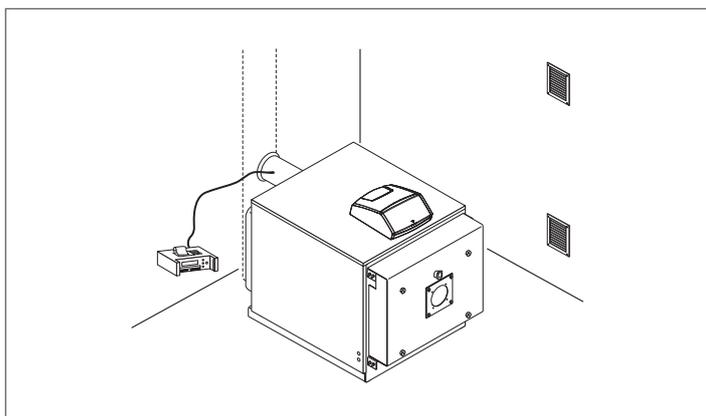
Make sure that all the pumps in the system are free and rotate in the right direction.



Turn off the main power switch to the boiler and make sure that the boiler shuts down properly.



Provided all the above conditions are satisfied, start the boiler up again, then analyse the combustion fumes, measure fuel flow and re-check the door seal.



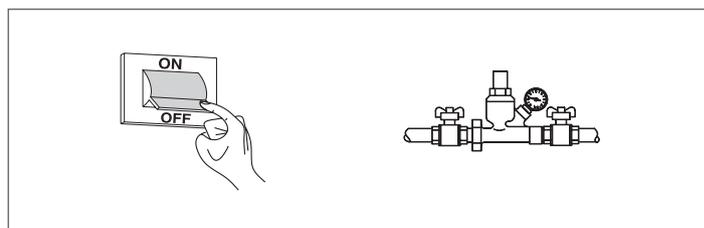
⚠ A rubber socket is attached to the flame inspection window. If this is used as a pressure measurement point, leave the screw in place in order to close off the pressure measurement line during normal boiler functioning. If the rubber socket is used to cool the flame inspection window, remove the screw to ensure an adequate air flow.

2.17 Maintenance

Regular maintenance is a legal requirement. It is also essential for the safety, efficiency and durability of the boiler. Proper maintenance keeps consumption and emissions down, and ensures that the boiler continues to operate reliably over time. Have your boiler serviced either by **RIELLO's** Technical Assistance Service or by a qualified heating engineer.

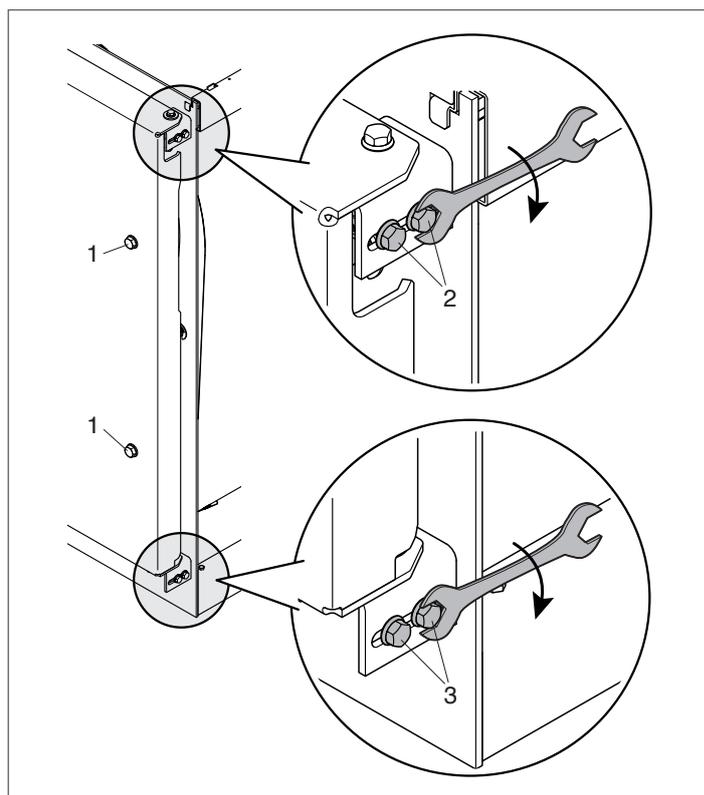
Analyse the combustion fumes before commencing any maintenance. The results of fume analysis can give a clear idea of what servicing or repairs are needed.

- Turn the system's main power switch OFF
- Close all the gas cocks.



OPENING THE DOOR

- Make sure that the top safety bolts (2) and bottom safety bolts (3) on the hinged side of the boiler are tight;
- completely unscrew the main fixing bolts (1) and open the door (these bolts are captive in the door and cannot be removed).

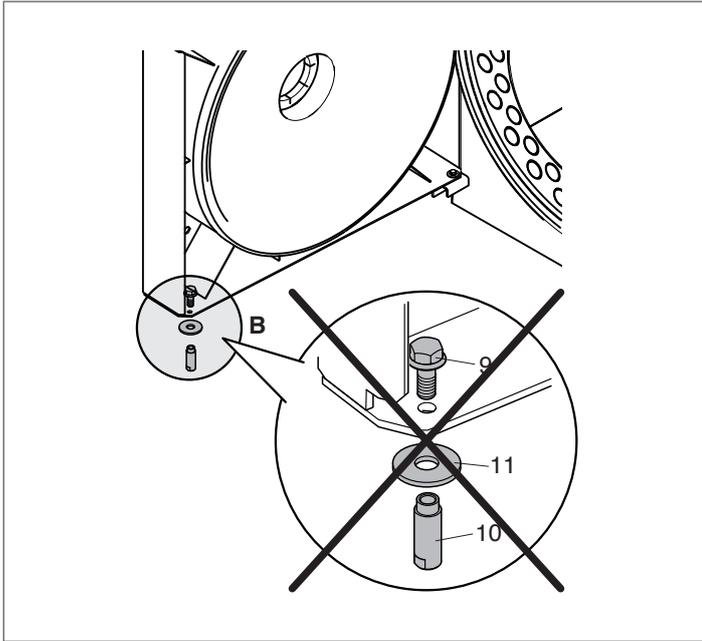


⚠ Make sure that the door is properly adjusted after every maintenance operation.

ADJUSTING THE DOOR

Make quite sure that the door presses uniformly all around the double seal to prevent dangerous fumes escaping into the air from the pressurised furnace. Proceed as follows to adjust the door seals:

- push the door shut and tighten the main fixing bolts (1) until the seals start to compress;
- loosen the safety bolts (2 and 3) then fully tighten the main door fixing bolts (1);
- re-tighten the safety bolts (2 and 3).



⚠ The first time you open the door, remove the spare hinge assembly 'B' [bushing (10), bolt (9), and washer (11)] opposite the hinged side of the door.

2.18 Cleaning the boiler

Clean the boiler and remove any carbon deposits from the surfaces of the heat exchanger **at least once a year**. This not only extends the boiler's working life, but also keeps it efficient in terms of heat output and consumption.

Proceed as follows to clean the boiler:

- open the front door (1) and pull out the turbulators (2);

⚠ If you need to replace any turbulators, make sure that the replacements have the characteristics listed in the table below.

- Use a flue brush (3) or other suitable tool to clean inside the combustion chamber and the flue gas pipes;
- open the inspection window (4) and clean out any deposits from inside the flue gas box.

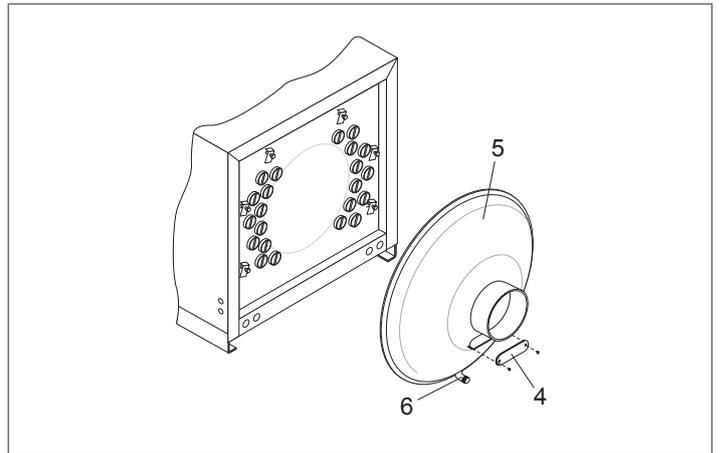
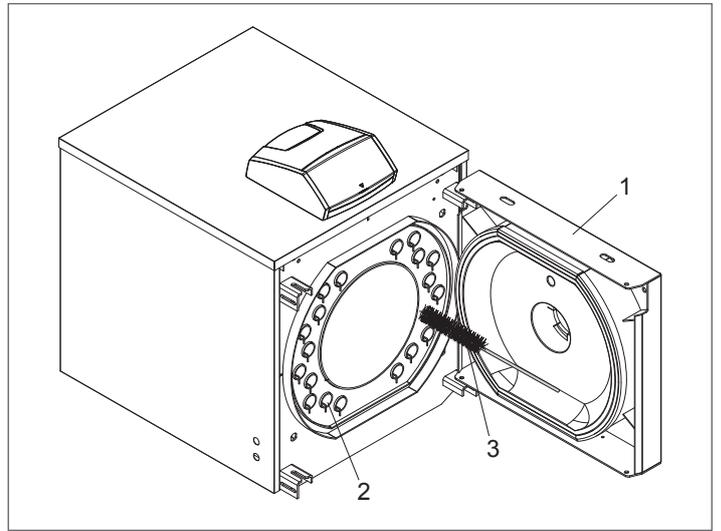
If more thorough cleaning is required, remove the flue gas box cover (5). Fit a new glass fibre seal when fitting the cover again. Check at regular intervals that the condensate drain (6) is not blocked.

On completion of cleaning, follow the above steps in the reverse order to refit all removed parts.

⚠ When using heavy oil fuels (e.g. naphtha, etc.) clean/service the boiler more frequently and periodically check:

- clean the boiler's heat exchange surfaces;
- check and clean the turbulators. Replace if worn or damaged.

	RTQ						
	953	1074	1308	1500	1700	2000	2336
N° turbulators	66	76	70	75	75	93	114



2.19 Troubleshooting

FAULT	CAUSE	SOLUTION
The boiler becomes dirty very quickly	Burner badly adjusted	- Check the adjustment of the burner (perform flue gas analysis)
	Blockage in stack	- Clean the flue gas pipes and stack
	Burner air intake dirty	- Clean the burner air intake
The boiler does not reach its temperature setpoint	Boiler dirty	- Clean the flue gas pipes
	Boiler and burner mismatched	- Check specifications and settings
	Insufficient air/fuel flow to burner	- Check and adjust the burner
The boiler keeps shutting down, and the control panel warning light comes on	Incorrect adjustment	- Check correct functioning - Check the temperature setting
	No water supply	- Check the circuit pressure
	Air in the circuit	- Check the circuit pressure - Check the vent valve
The boiler has reached the set temperature but the radiators are still cold	Air in the circuit	- Bleed the circuit
	Pump malfunctioning	- Check/unseize the pump
	Problem with minimum temperature thermostat (if present)	- Check the temperature setting
	Problem with minimum temp. thermostat (if present)	- Check the efficiency of the expansion vessel
There is a smell of fumes	Fumes escaping into the air	- Clean the boiler body - Clean the flue gas pipes - Check that the boiler, flue gas pipes and stack are all properly sealed - Check the door seal
There is a smell of gas	Gas supply circuit.	- Check the seals, possible blockages and fuel quality.
The safety valve keeps opening	Circuit pressure too high	- Check the circuit pressure - Check pressure reducer functioning - Check pressure reducer setting
	Problem with heating system expansion vessel	- Check the efficiency of the expansion vessel

3 USE

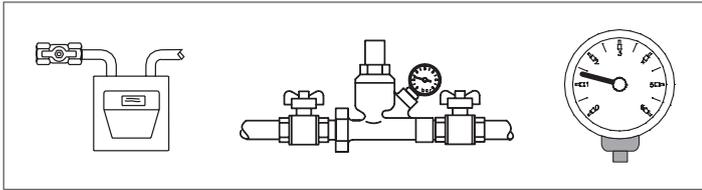
3.1 Putting into service

Have **RIELLO's** Technical Assistance Service start up your **RIELLO RTQ** boiler for the first time. Once this has been done, the boiler can be left to function automatically.

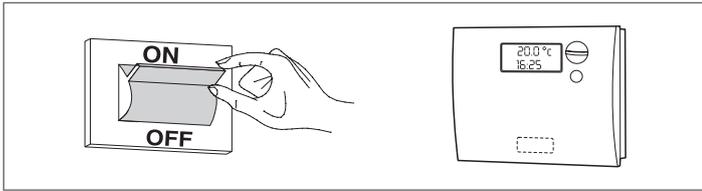
Under certain circumstances, such as after long periods of disuse, the service engineer responsible for the boiler may need to re-start it without involving the Technical Assistance Service.

To do so, perform the following checks and operations:

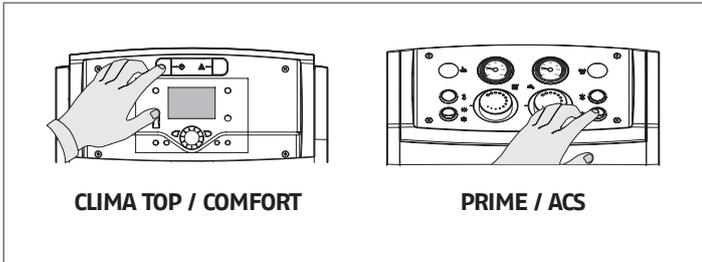
- check that the gas cock and heating water cock are open;
- while the system is still cold, check that working pressure in the water circuit is over 1 bar but below the maximum limit specified for the boiler;



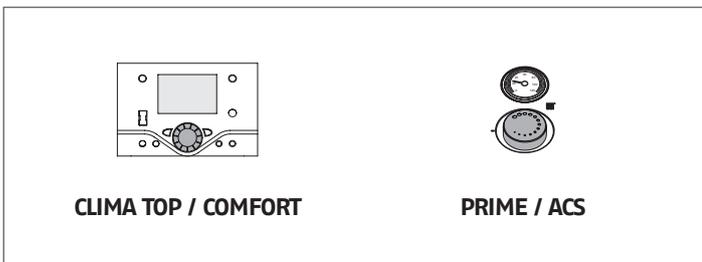
- turn the system's main power switch ON;
- if the system is equipped with a temperature controller or timer thermostat, make sure that it is switched on;



- turn the control panel power switch ON and make sure that the green power indicator lights;



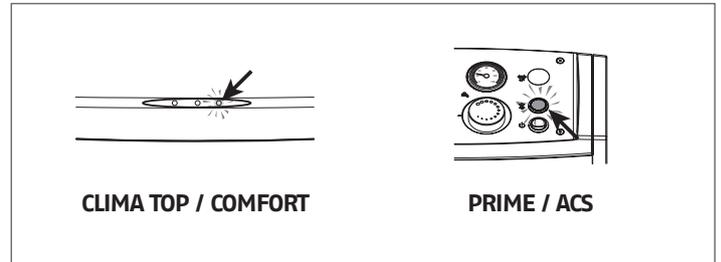
- make the necessary settings as instructed in the instruction manual for your control panel;



- adjust the timer thermostat/s or temperature controller to the desired temperature (~20°C);

The burner should now ignite and remain in operation until the set temperature is reached.

If any ignition faults or malfunctions occur, the burner performs a "LOCKOUT SHUTDOWN". This is shown by the red button light on the burner and by the warning light on the control panel.



! If a "LOCKOUT SHUTDOWN" occurs, wait about 30 seconds before resetting the burner.

To reset the burner, press the red button light on the burner and wait until the flame ignites.

This operation can be repeated 2 or 3 times at the most. If the problem still persists after that, check:

- all checks listed in the burner's own instruction manual;
- all steps listed in the 'Preparing for Initial Start-up' section;
- all the electrical connections shown on the control panel wiring diagrams.

If the problem persists, check that the safety thermostat has not tripped.

To reset the burner, press the red button light on the burner and wait until the flame ignites.

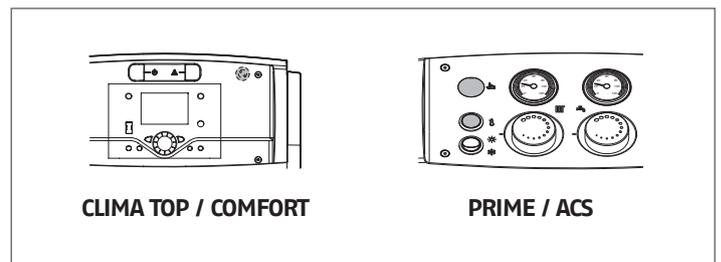
Repeat this operation 2-3 times at the most. If the problem persists after that, call **RIELLO's** Technical Assistance Service.

If the problem persists, check that the safety thermostat has not tripped.

! If the safety thermostat trips, the boiler shuts down and a warning is displayed on the control panel (if present).

Proceed as follows to reset the safety thermostat.

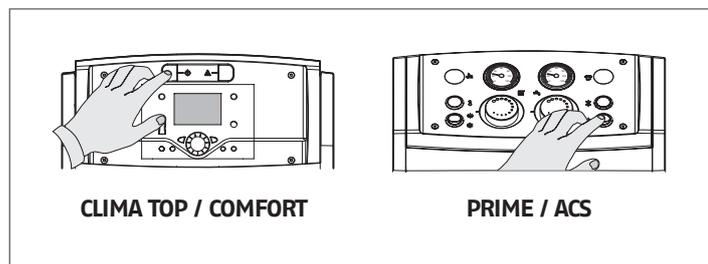
- Wait until boiler temperature falls below 80°C.
- Remove the safety thermostat cover.
- Press the manual reset button.
- Wait for the complete ignition cycle to be repeated and for the flame to ignite.



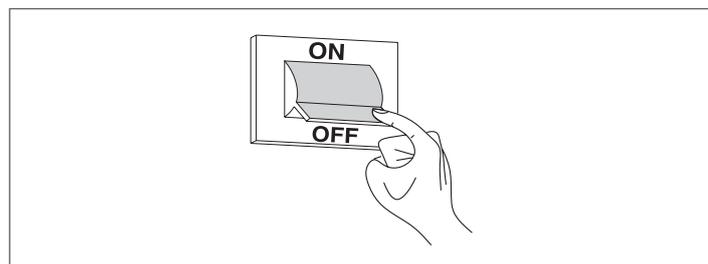
3.2 Temporary shutdown

If you need to shut down the system for a short period, proceed as follows.

- turn the control panel power switch OFF and make sure that the green power indicator goes out;



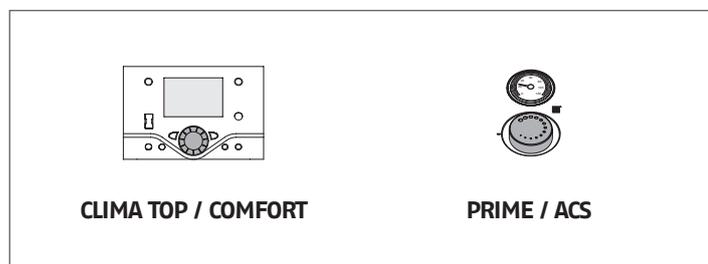
- turn the mains power switch OFF;



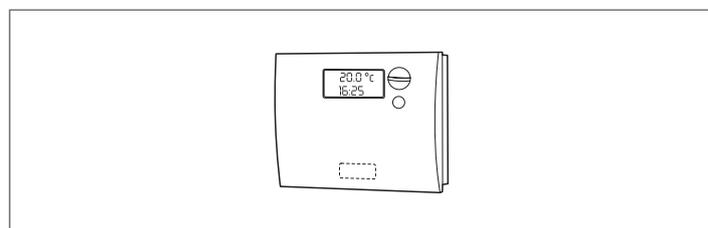
⚠ Do NOT perform this procedure if outdoor temperature falls below ZERO (risk of freezing).

Then proceed as follows:

- make the necessary settings as instructed in the instruction manual for your control panel;



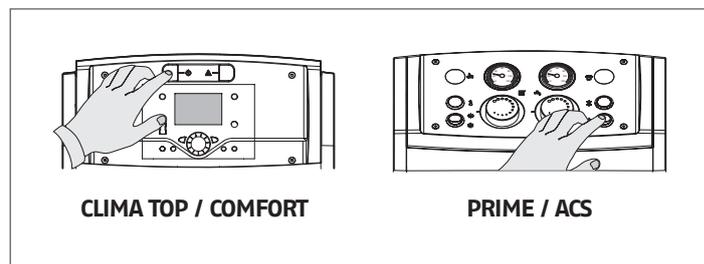
- make sure that the temperature controller or timer / room thermostat is set to "frost protection" mode;



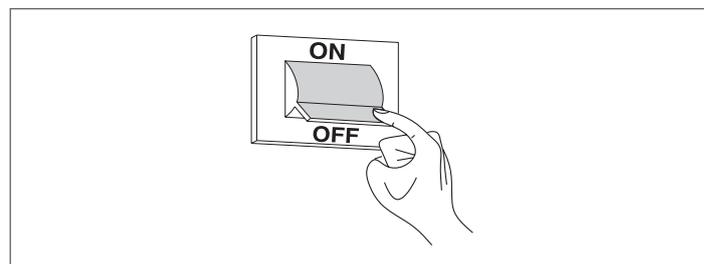
3.3 Preparing for extended periods of disuse

If the boiler is not going to be used for an extended period of time, perform the following operations:

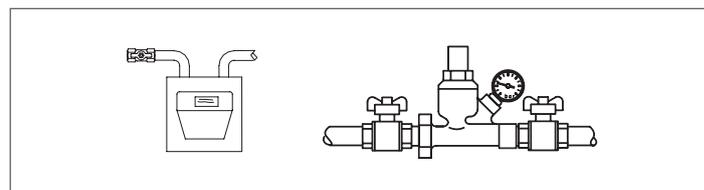
- Turn the control panel power switch OFF and make sure that the green power indicator goes out



- Turn the main system switch "off"



- Close the fuel cock and heating circuit water cock



- Drain the central heating circuit if there is any risk of freezing.

⚠ Contact your local **RIELLO** Technical Assistance Service if you encounter any problems in completing the above procedure.

3.4 Cleaning

Use a cloth damped in soapy water to clean the boiler's external casing.

To remove stubborn marks, use a cloth damped in a 50% mix of water and denatured alcohol or a suitable cleaning product. Carefully dry after cleaning.

⊘ Do not use abrasive cleaning pads or powder detergents.

⊘ Never clean the boiler without first disconnecting it from the mains electricity supply by turning the mains power switch and the control panel switch OFF.

⚠ The combustion chamber and flue pipes must be cleaned periodically by **RIELLO** Technical Assistance Service or by a qualified heating engineer (see page 22).

3.5 Maintenance

Please remember that THE PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR SYSTEM MANAGEMENT MUST ENSURE THAT PROFESSIONALLY QUALIFIED HEATING ENGINEERS UNDERTAKE PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND COMBUSTION EFFICIENCY MEASUREMENTS.

RIELLO's Technical Assistance Service is qualified to satisfy these legal requirements and can also provide useful information on MAINTENANCE PROGRAMMES designed to guarantee:

- Greater safety
- Compliance with applicable legislation
- Freedom from the risk of fines in the event of spot checks.

Regular maintenance is essential for the safety, efficiency and durability of the boiler.

Servicing is a legal requirement and must be performed at least once a year by a professionally qualified heating engineer.

RIELLO

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The manufacturer strives to continuously improve all products. Appearance, dimensions, technical specifications, standard equipment and accessories are therefore liable to modification without notice.