

RBS 2S Ready-i CLASSE A

EN INSTALLATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL



RANGE

MODEL	CODE
RBS 300 2S Ready-i CLASSE A	20119547

ACCESSORIES

For a complete list of accessories and details of their compatibility, refer to the Catalogue.

Dear heating engineer,

We would like to congratulate you on having recommended a RIELLO solar storage cylinder unit: a modern product that's capable of ensuring a high degree of reliability, efficiency, quality and safety.

While your technical skills and knowledge will certainly be more than sufficient, this booklet contains all the information that we have deemed necessary for the device's correct and easy installation.

Thank you again, and keep up the good work,

Riello S.p.A.

CONFORMITY

The RIELLO solar heaters comply with DIN 4753-3 and UNI EN 12897.

CONTENTS

GENE	RAL INFORMATION
1	General Safety Information
2	Precautions3
3	Description of the appliance
4	Safety and control devices4
5	Identification
6	System layout
7	Technical specifications6
INSTA	LLATION
8	Unpacking the product
9	Access to the solar station
10	Place of installation8
11	Installation in older systems and systems requiring
	modernisation
12	Water quality requirements
13	Water connections
14	Typical water system schematics
15	Wiring diagrams
16	Electrical connections
17	System flushing
18	System filling cock
19	Device cleaning and maintenance
COM	MISSIONING AND MAINTENANCE
20	Interventions on the hydraulic system14
21	Recycling and disposal
END (JSER
22	Start-up
23	Temporary shutdown
24	Preparing for extended periods of disuse 15
25	External maintenance15



At the end of its life, the product should be not be disposed of as solid urban waste, but rather it should be handed over to a differentiated waste collection centre.

The following symbols are used in this manual:



A CAUTION! = Identifies actions that require caution and adequate preparation.



STOP! = Identifies actions that you MUST NOT do.

This manual, Code 20134424 - Rev. 3 (09/2018) comprises 16 pages.

1 GENERAL SAFETY INFORMATION

- A Check that the product is complete, undamaged and as ordered as soon as you receive it. Report any discrepancies or damage to the **RIELLO** dealer who sold it.
- This product must be installed by a legally qualified heating engineer. On completion of the installation, the installer must issue the owner with a declaration of conformity confirming that the installation has been completed to the highest standards in compliance with the instructions provided by **RIELO** in this instruction manual, and that it conforms to all applicable laws and standards.
- This product must only be used for the purpose for which it is designed and made, as specified by **RIELLO**. **RIELLO** declines all responsibility, contractual or other, for damage to property or injury to persons or animals caused by improper installation, adjustment, maintenance or use.
- The product must be serviced at least once a year. Servicing must be arranged in advance with the **RIELLO** Technical Assistance Service.
- All servicing and repairs must be performed by a qualified heating engineer.
- A If water leaks from the storage cylinder, turn off the water supply and contact **RIELLO**'s Technical Assistance Service or a qualified heating engineer immediately.
- If the product is not going to be used for an extended period of time, contact the manufacturer's Technical Assistance Service to have at least the following operations performed:
 - Close the shut-off cocks for the domestic hot water circuit
 - Shut down the boiler connected to the storage cylinder as instructed in its own manual
 - Switch the storage cylinder OFF at the control panel (if fitted) and at the mains power switch
 - Drain the central heating circuit and domestic hot water circuit if there is any risk of freezing.
- This instruction manual is an integral part of the product. It must be kept safe and must ALWAYS accompany the product, even if it is sold to another owner or transferred to another user or to another installation. If you lose this manual, order a replacement immediately. Keep the product purchase documents to be presented to the **RIELO** authorised Technical Assistance Service to request a service call under warranty.
- Size the solar expansion tank so as to ensure complete absorption of the expansion of the fluid contained within the system, with reference to the prevailing regulations on the matter. In particular, consider fluid characteristics, considerable fluctuation of service temperature and vapour that might be generated during solar collector stagnation stage. Proper size of expansion tank ensures setting off of all volume changes of the heat transfer fluid, avoiding excessive pressure increase. Limited pressure changes avoid reaching safety valve opening pressure and the consequent fluid drainage.

2 PRECAUTIONS

The operation of any appliance that uses electrical power demands that a number of fundamental safety precautions be respected. In particular:

- Never attempt to install the system without using suitable personal protection equipment and without following all applicable occupational safety standards.
- It is forbidden to touch the device while barefoot or with wet or moist body parts.
- It is forbidden to perform any technical or cleaning operations before having disconnected the device from its electrical power supply, by setting the system's main switch to "off".
- It is forbidden to pull, detach, or twist the electrical cables protruding from the device, even if it is disconnected from its electrical power supply.
- Do not expose the storage cylinder to the elements. It is not designed for use outdoors.
- If solar plant pressure decreases, it is forbidden to top up with only water as there is a danger of freezing and overheating.
- Do not use connections or safety devices or fittings (expansion vessels, pipes, insulation) that are not specifically designed and tested for use in solar water heating systems.
- Do not allow children or infirm persons to operate the system unsupervised.
- Do not dispose of packaging material into the environment, or leave it within the reach of children, since it can become a potential hazard. Dispose of packaging material in compliance with applicable legislation.
- It is forbidden to use the panelling as a hold for handling purposes.

DESCRIPTION OF THE APPLIANCE

The RIELLO RBS 2S Ready-i CLASSE A double-coil solar heater, with pre-fitted vertical solar station, can be integrated in solar systems for the production of domestic hot water.

The most important technical features of these solar storage cylinders are:

- the accurate study of tank and coil geometry
- internal glazing, bacteriologically inert, to ensure the max. hygiene of treated water, reduce limescale deposits and make cleaning operations easier
- high-efficiency insulation, obtained with an innovative nanoporous insulation layer and expanded polyurethane free from CFC (chlorofluorocarbons)
- a flange for easy cleaning and maintenance of the anti-corrosion magnesium anode
- solar station enclosed in a panelling, used also for solar system washing, filling and emptying as well as for circulator removal

The main components of the solar station are:

- high-efficiency circulator with variable speed (already hard-wired)
- solar regulator (already hard-wired), as indicated in paragraph "Safety and control devices"
- shut-off valves as non-return valves
- thermometers
- pressure gauge
- fitting for connection to a solar expansion tank
- suitable safety device, as indicated in paragraph "Safety and control devices"

SAFETY AND CONTROL DEVICES

Equipment safety and setting are achieved thanks to:

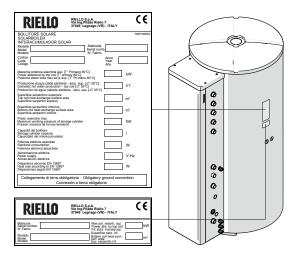
- Safety valve with trigger pressure set at 6 bar;
- Solar Regulator for circulator management/adjustment. It manages 9 system diagrams that can be selected. Refer to the specific manual for further details.

IDENTIFICATION

The RIELLO RBS 2S Ready-i CLASSE A solar heaters can be identified

Data plate

This lists the technical specifications and performance of the product.

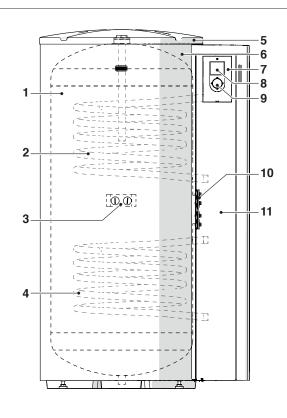


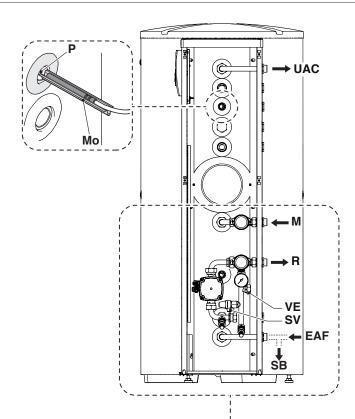
Serial number plate

This specifies the serial number and model.

A If these plates or any other means of clearly identifying the product are defaced, removed or lost, proper installation and servicing may be rendered difficult.

6 SYSTEM LAYOUT



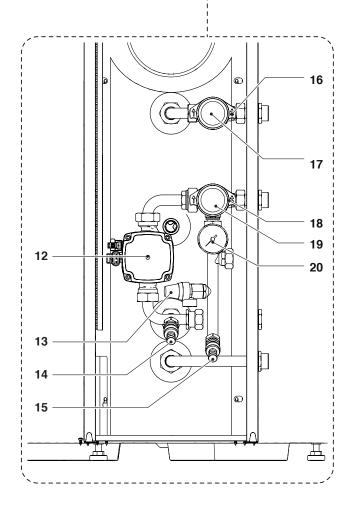


- Storage cylinder 1
- Top coil
- Preset for lifting handles (accessory) and/or de-3 vice grounding point
- Bottom coil 4
- Cover 5
- 6 Insulation
- Solar controller 7
- 8 Display
- 9 Multidirectional joystick
- Flange for heater inspection 10
- Technical box with insulation 11
- 12 Pump
- Safety valve (6 bar) 13
- Tap A for system filling/draining Tap B for system filling/draining 14
- 15
- Delivery Valve (solar plant delivery) with built-in 16
 - non-return valve
- Outlet temperature gauge 17
- 18 Return Valve (solar plant return) with built-in
- non-return valve
- 19 Return temperature gauge
- Pressure gauge 20

UAC Domestic hot water outlet Domestic cold water inlet EAF

SB Storage cylinder drain

- Solar circuit outlet. Inlet of heat transfer fluid М
- coming from solar collector.
- Solar circuit return. Outlet of heat transfer fluid R
 - towards solar collector.
- Safety valve drain SV
- VE Expansion tank fitting
- Socket
- Мо Guide



7 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

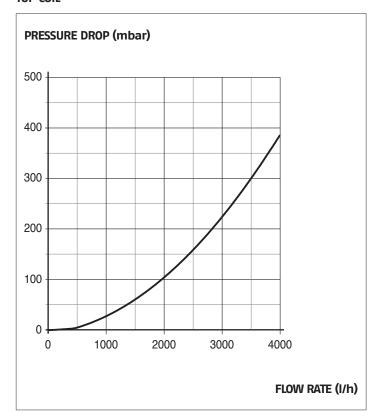
	RBS 2S Ready-i CLASSE A	
DESCRIPTION	300	
Type of storage cylinder	Vertical, glazed	
Heat exchanger layout	Vertical, with elliptical section	
Storage cylinder capacity	301	I
Useful non-solar volume (Vbu)*	117	I
Solar usable volume (Vsol)**	184	I
Diameter of storage cylinder with insulation	604	mm
Height with insulation	1838	mm
Insulation thickness	50	mm
Total net weight	140	kg
Quantity/diameter/length of magnesium anode	1/33/450	mm
Flange internal diameter	130	mm
Diameter/length of sensor sockets	16/180	mm
Top coil water capacity	4,0	I
Top coil heat exchange surface area	0,8	m²
Bottom coil water capacity	5,0	I
Bottom coil heat exchange surface area	1,0	m²
Maximum operating pressure of storage cylinder	10	bar
Maximum operating pressure of coils	10	bar
Maximum operating temperature	99	°C
Discharges according to EN 12897:2006 ∆T=45 °C (ambient 20°C and storage at 65°C)	50	W
Discharges according to UNI 11300	1,11	W/K
Energy class	А	
PERFORMANCE RELATING TO INTEGRATION COIL		
Upper coil continuous efficiency (ACS 10-45°C) (Vbu refere	nce volume)	
Coil delivery temperature		
000C AT 200C	23	kW
80°C ΔT 20°C	572	l/h
700C AT 200C	17	kW
70°C ΔT 20°C	425	l/h
C00C AT 200C	11	kW
60°C ΔT 20°C	277	l/h
E00C AT 200C	5	kW
50°C ΔT 20°C	130	l/h
Set-up time required to heat the heater to 60°C, referred peratures with a coil outlet/inlet delta (Δ) of 20°C (Vbu ref		coil inlet tem-
Upper coil delivery temperature	-	
80°C ΔT 20°C	27	min
70°C ΔT 20°C	34	min
60°C ΔT 20°C	65	min
NL thermal efficiency coefficient according to DIN 4708. Ther of apartments having 3.5 people that can be fully sup		
Upper coil delivery temperature		
80°C	1,64	
70°C	1,34	
60°C	1,04	

- **Vbu (*)** The non-solar usable volume indicates the quantity of water (in litres) heated directly by the thermal integration coil. It is calculated as the volume between the upper part of the heater and the lower part of the thermal integration element (integration coil lower turn).
- **Vsol (**)** The usable solar volume indicates the quantity of water (in litres) heated directly by the solar coil (placed in the lower part of the heater) minus the non-solar volume (Vbu).

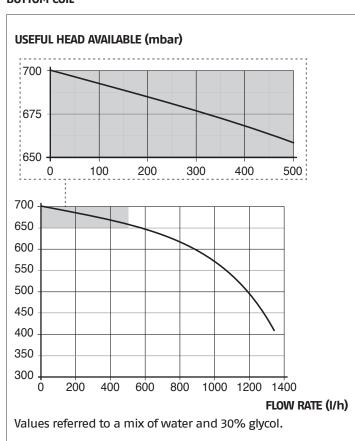
EMPTVING IN 40/	RBS 2S Ready-i CLASSE A 300	
EMPTYING IN 10'		
PERFORMANCE RELATING TO INTEGRATION COIL		
	ter pre-heated to 60°C (*) and primary exchanger at the in lestic water temperature of 30°C between inlet and outlet	
Upper coil delivery temperature		
80°C	260	I
70°C	255	I
60°C	250	I
PERFORMANCE RELATING TO SOLAR COIL		
Quantity of domestic water obtained in 10' with hear of the domestic water temperature of 30°C between	ter pre-heated to the indicated temperature (**) consideri inlet and outlet (according to EN 12897).	ng an increase
Temperature of accumulation tank lower part		
70°C	438	I
60°C	375	I
50°C	310	I

DESCRIPTION	SOLAR STATION TECHNICAL DATA	
Safety valve calibration pressure	6	bar
Maximum operating temperature	110	°C
Power supply	230~50	V-Hz
Min/max electrical current draw	0,08 ÷ 0,58	Α
Min/Max power consumption	5 ÷ 63	W

Pressure drops TOP COIL



Useful head available BOTTOM COIL



The circulator speed is controlled through PWM signal and varies according to the thermal gradient between solar collectors and storage.

Pay attention to the system overall flow resistance (exchanger, solar collectors and pipes) at the maximum flow rate conditions provided.

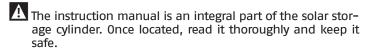
8 UNPACKING THE PRODUCT

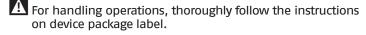
RIELLO RBS 25 Ready-i CLASSE A solar heaters are supplied in a single package on a wooden pallet.

The boiler comes with a solar station supplied with solar regulator already wired to the high-efficiency circulator, and two non-wired probes to be inserted in the boiler sockets.

The following items are delivered in a plastic bag inside the packaging:

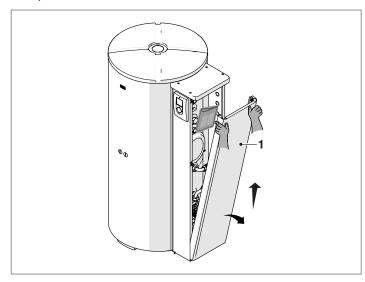
- Instruction manuals
- Bar code label
- Hydraulic test certificate
- Energy label (to be applied to device upon installation)
- No. 1 solar probe PT1000.





9 ACCESS TO THE SOLAR STATION

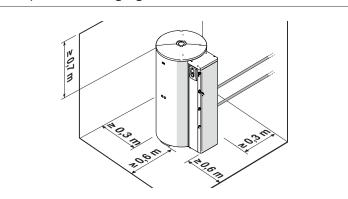
To access the solar station it is necessary to remove the front panel (1) by pulling it towards your and lifting it up by means of the specific handles.



Locate the bag containing the documentation, extract the energy label and apply it to the boiler casing

10 PLACE OF INSTALLATION

RIELLO RBS 2S Ready-i CLASSE A storage cylinders can be installed in any room where there is no specific requirement for an electrical protection rating higher than IP XOD.



NOTE: the above-indicated dimensions are recommended for a correct maintenance and access to the device.



When installing the boiler, allow sufficient space around it to access all safety and control devices and to permit easy maintenance.

11 INSTALLATION IN OLDER SYSTEMS AND SYSTEMS REQUIRING MODERNISATION

When installing **RIELIO RBS 2S Ready-i CLASSE A** storage cylinders in old systems or systems requiring modernisation, always perform the following checks.

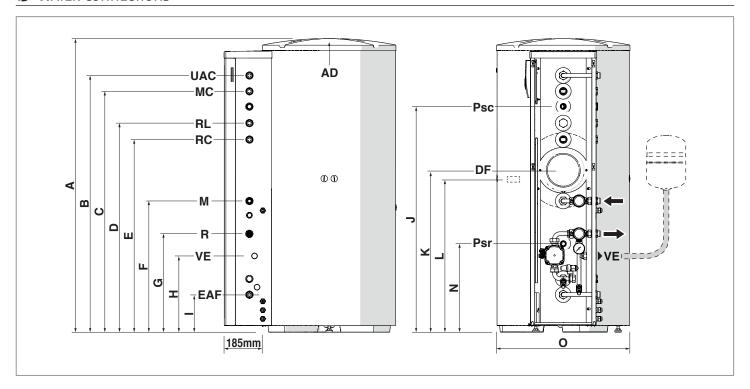
- Make sure that the system is fitted with safety and control devices in accordance with applicable legislation and standards
- Make sure that the central heating circuit has been flushed out to remove all sludge and lime scale, and has been vented and seal tested
- Make sure that a suitable water treatment system is installed if the quality of the supply/recirculation water so demands (refer to the reference values listed in the table alongside).

12 WATER QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

REFERENCE VALUES		
рН	6-8	
Electrical conductivity	less than 200 μS/cm (25°C)	
Chlorine ions	less than 50 ppm	
Sulphuric acid ions	less than 50 ppm	
Total iron	less than 0.3 ppm	
Alkalinity M	less than 50 ppm	
Total hardness	less than 35°F	
Sulphur ions	none	
Ammonia ions	none	
Silicon ions	less than 30 ppm	

The values above ensure proper operation of the system. Refer to the limit values specified in the current standards and regulations on the installation site.

13 WATER CONNECTIONS



DESCRIPTION		RBS 2S Ready-i CLASSE A	
		300	
VE	Expansion tank fitting	1/2'' M	Ø
UAC	Domestic hot water outlet	1" M	Ø
MC	Outlet from boiler	1" M	Ø
RC	Return to boiler	1" M	Ø
М	Outlet from solar collector	1" M	Ø
R	Return to solar collector	1" M	Ø
RL	DHW recirculation	1" M	Ø
EAF (SB)	Domestic cold water inlet	1" M	Ø
Psc	Diameter/length of boiler sensor socket	16/180	mm
Psr	Diameter/length of solar controller sensor socket	16/180	mm
AD	Quantity/diameter/length of magnesium anode	1/33/450	mm
DF	Flange internal diameter	130	mm
Α		1838	mm
В		1670	mm
С		1438	mm
D		1233	mm
Е		1114	mm
F		693	mm
G		253	mm
Н		361	mm
I		171	mm
J		1323	mm
K		903	mm
N		393	mm
0		Ø 604	mm
L	M8 threaded inserts for grounding point/accessory han- dles connection	700	mm

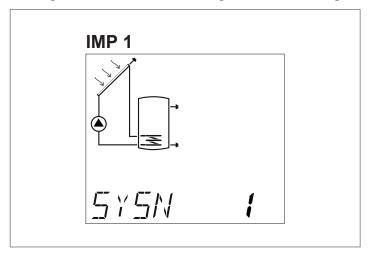
 $lack \Lambda$ It is recommended to install shut-off valves at domestic water inlet and outlet.

 $lack \$ Check the efficiency of the seals when filling/refilling the storage cylinder.

Any electric junction between probe cable and extensions for the connection to the electric panel must be soldered and protected with a sheath or a suitable electric insulation.

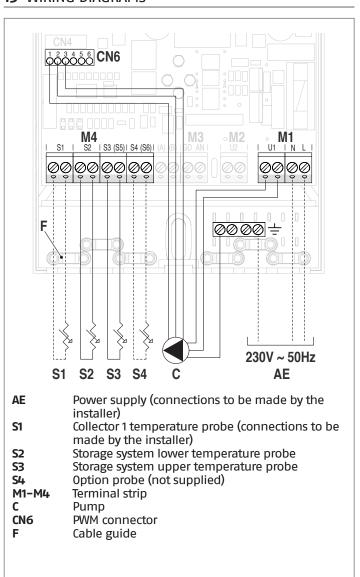
14 TYPICAL WATER SYSTEM SCHEMATICS

The diagram below shows the solar regulator default setting.



Please refer to the instruction manual supplied with the solar regulator for any system setup and further details.

15 WIRING DIAGRAMS



16 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

The following is mandatory:

- have an omnipolar magneto-thermal circuit breaker and a disconnecting switch compliant with the prevailing standards of the installation country
- respect the polarity of the L1 (Phase) N (Neutral) connections
- use cables with insulation and cross section conforming to applicable standards (minimum cross section 1.5 mm²)
- refer to the wiring diagrams in this manual for all electric operations
- make sure the appliance is connected to an efficient ground (earth).

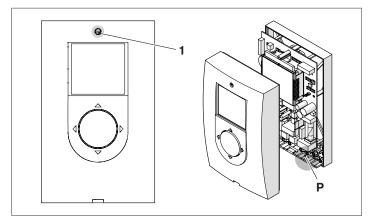
It is strictly forbidden to use pipes of any kind to ground the appliance.

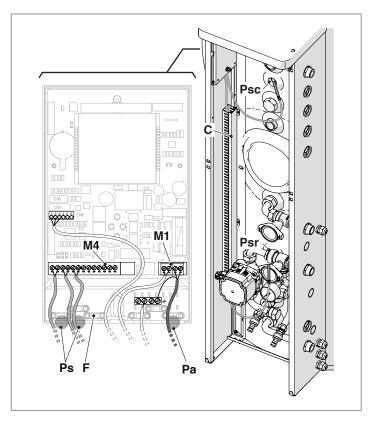
Please refer to solar regulator manual for further details on electrical connections.

The manufacturer is not responsible for any damage caused by failure to earth connect the device and failure to comply with what is indicated in the wiring diagrams.

Refer to the manual supplied with the solar controller for details of all electrical connections, programming, etc..

The solar regulator is provided already wired except for the power supply cable and the temperature probe of the solar collector. To make electrical connections, undo screw (1) on cover and remove cover from solar regulator.





Probe connection

 Route probe cable (S1) through cable guides (F), fairleads (Ps) and connect it to terminal board M4 of solar regulator (terminal S1) by referring to the instructions provided in the specific regulator manual.

Upon connection, or should it be necessary to increase probe cable length, refer to these remarks:

- Absolutely avoid laying probe cable together with mains power cables and/or AC cables
- Absolutely avoid routing cables close to strong magnetic fields
- Avoid any cable jointing as much as possible; solder and duly insulate any indispensable jointing
- Use twisted and shielded wires
- Use cables having a cross-section of over 0.5 mm²

Solar controller power connections

 Route power supply cable in the duct (C) through cable guides (F), fairleads (Pa) and connect it to terminal board M1 of solar regulator (terminals L-N-GND) by referring to the instructions provided in the specific regulator manual

Once electrical connections are completed, fasten cables using the guides supplied, close regulator cover and solar station protection housing.

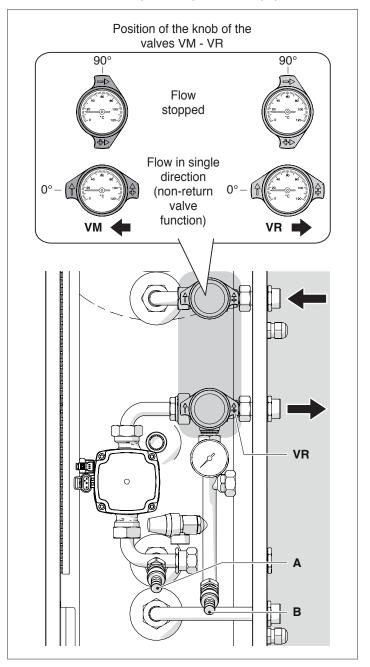
17 SYSTEM FLUSHING

Before filling the system with mixture of water and glycol, it is necessary to flush the pipes of the solar system to eliminate all residues of fluid or scale.

Proceed as follows.

- Turn handle on valve (VR) clockwise
- Open taps (A) and (B) on the return tube
- Flush water in through the cock (B) and wait for it to come out of the cock (A)
- Allow water to come out for at least 30 seconds
- Turn handle on valve (VR) counter clockwise
- Close taps (A) and (B).

During system flushing, pay attention to water coming out of the taps as vapour could be released with risk of burns or scalds. Use suitable personal protective equipment.



A If copper piping has been used and joints have been hot brazed, flush out the system to remove any brazing residues. Seal test the system after you have flushed it out.

 $oldsymbol{\Lambda}$ The solar circuit must be immediately filled with a mixture of water and glycol, that avoids freezing and corrosion.

18 SYSTEM FILLING COCK

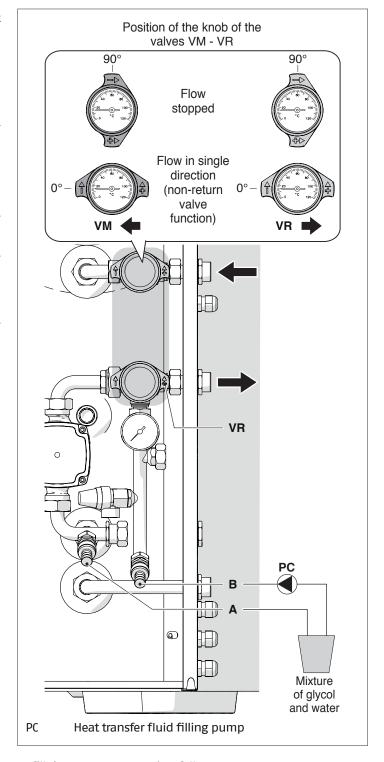
Before filling the system:

- Cut power off to the solar station and to the connected integration system, by setting the system's main switch and the device's main switch to OFF

Always use a mixture of water and glycol suitable for solar applications. Choose the mixture according to the minimum temperature that can be reached at the installation site and to the maximum service temperature of solar collectors. For further information, please refer to the glycol safety data sheet.

When using glycol not pre-mixed:

- Do NOT part fill the circuit with pure glycol then add water
- Ensure that filling water characteristics comply with prevailing regulations; if that is not so, filling water must be treated. Use portable treatment systems, for instance. In particular, when chlorine content is very high (> 50ppm) you must use distilled water for the mixture.



To fill the system, proceed as follows:

- Connect the filling pump (PC) as shown
- Turn handle on valve (VR) clockwise Open taps (A) and (B) on the return tube
- Open manual degassing tap and any bleeder valve, located at the highest points of the system, and keep them open throughout the filling procedure.

- Pump the heat transfer fluid around the circuit with an external filling pump until all air bubbles have been eliminated. Close the manual bleed valve and any vent valves opened previously.
- Turn handle on valve (VR) counter clockwise
- Temporarily raise the pressure in the system to 4 bar.
- Start up the system for about 20 minutes.
- Repeat air bleeding operation until system is completely free of air bubbles.
- set the system pressure.
- Close taps (A) and (B).
- The set pressure must ensure that the one measured at the solar collectors is positive with respect to the ambient one (avoid depression in the solar field) and must be set considering both the safety valve opening pressure (6) and the solar expansion reservoir pre-charge pressure. To set the system pressure correctly, refer to the design manual.
- Do not fill the system in bright, sunny conditions or if the collectors are hot.
- Use a manual bleed valve, which should be installed at the highest point in the system, to ensure that all air bubbles have been eliminated from the circuit.

19 DEVICE CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

A Service the system at least once a year and carry out the inspections specified in the relevant manual.

The following operations must be exclusively performed by Technical Assistance Service.

19.1 Checking the seals

After commissioning, check hydraulic fitting sealing. Make sure there is no leakage close to electric components to avoid short-circuits.

19.2 External cleaning

Clean the outside of the storage cylinder with a soft cloth damped in soapy water.

Use a dry cloth to clean the insulation and the solar regulator display to remove any dust.

Do not use abrasive products, petrol or triethylene.

20 INTERVENTIONS ON THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

20.1 Draining the system

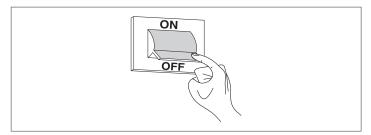
- Connect a rubber hose to taps (A) and (B)
- Connect the opposite end to a vessel
- Open system drain taps and allow full drainage
- Close system drain taps and remove the rubber hose
- The exhausted heat transfer fluid must be disposed of according to the prevailing regulations, pursuant to the instructions provided in the safety data sheet supplied with the glycol.

20.2 Disassembling the circulator

Remove the circulator when system has cooled down.

Before removing circulator (C):

 Cut power off to the solar station and to the connected integration system, by setting the system's main switch and the device's main switch to OFF



- Disconnect circulator power by removing connectors (D) and (E)
- Move away any wiring and electric devices below to protect them against any leakage of heat transfer fluid
- Close valves (VR) and (VM) by turning handle clockwise by 90°
- Open taps (A) and (B) and drain the solar circuit
- Loosen ring nuts (H1) and (H2) and remove circulator (C).

20.3 Safety valve removal

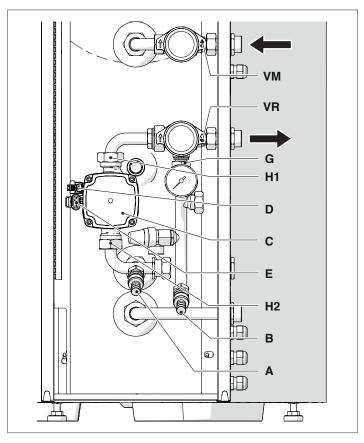
A Remove when system has cooled down.

Before removing the safety valve:

- Cut power off to the solar station and to the connected integration system, by setting the system's main switch and the device's main switch to OFF
- Empty the solar circuit as described in paragraph "Draining the system".
- Unscrew ring nut (G) and remove safety tube.

A The safety valve is sealed with the safety tube and cannot be removed. Remove it using a work bench.

Reverse the above steps to fit the new pump. Fill the solar circuit as described in paragraph "System filling cock".



Reverse the above steps to fit the new pump. Fill the solar circuit as described in paragraph "System filling cock".

21 RECYCLING AND DISPOSAL

The device is primarily composed of:

Material	Component
steel	structural work, panelling
metal materials	tubes, circulator
ABS (acrylonitrile-butadiene- styrene)	solar regulator casing, covering and covers
PU (polyurethane)	boiler insulation
silica aerogel	boiler insulation
glass wool	panelling insulation
electrical and electronic components	cables and wiring, solar regulator, circulator

At the end of the device's useful life, these components must be separated and disposed of according to current regulations in the country of installation.

END USER INSTRUCTIONS

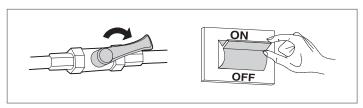
Refer to the GENERAL SAFETY INFORMATION and PRECAUTIONS section for safety-related information.

22 START-UP

The heater commissioning must be performed by Technical Assistance Service personnel.

Under certain circumstances, such as after long periods of disuse, the user may need to re-start it without involving the Technical Assistance Service. Before doing so, perform the following checks and operations.

- Check that the supply cocks in the domestic water circuit are all open
- Check that the system main switch and the control main switch are active "ON".



 $oldsymbol{\Lambda}$ For further information concerning the solar regulator, refer to the dedicated manual supplied with the product.

23 TEMPORARY SHUTDOWN

To reduce to the environmental impact and save energy, in case of brief absences, week-ends, short trips, etc., and with external temperatures above 0°C, set the heater temperature control, where available, to the minimum value.



If the temperature to which the heater is exposed can fall below 0°C (frost hazard), perform the operations described in paragraph "Preparing for extended periods of disuse".

24 PREPARING FOR EXTENDED PERIODS OF DISUSE

If the storage cylinder is not going to be used for an extended period of time, ask the manufacturer's Technical Assistance Service to make the system safe.

25 EXTERNAL MAINTENANCE

Clean the outside of the storage cylinder with a soft cloth damped in soapy water.

Use a dry cloth to clean the insulation and the solar regulator display to remove any dust.



Do not use abrasive products, petrol or triethylene.



RIELLO S.p.A. Via Ing. Pilade Riello, 7 37045 – Legnago (VR) www.riello.com

The manufacturer strives to continuously improve all products. Appearance, dimensions, technical specifications, standard equipment and accessories are therefore liable to modification without notice.